

# eRIC express Installation and User Guide



**eRIC express Installation and User Guide:**

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## Preface

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This software is based in part on the work of the Independent JPEG Group.

This product includes software developed by the OpenSSL Project for use in the OpenSSL Toolkit (<http://www.openssl.org/>).

Authors: Peppercon Team

This document was created on 27 January 2006.

### About the eRIC express

The eRIC express provides server management capabilities. You can use the eRIC express to manage and monitor components in your servers through a modem or LAN, even if your network is down. The eRIC express offers a comprehensive hardware solution for server management.

### Limited Warranty

The buyer agrees that if this product proves to be defective, Peppercon is only obligated to repair or replace this product at Peppercon's discretion according to the terms and conditions of Peppercon's general trading conditions. Peppercon shall not

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## **Technical Support**

If you need help installing, configuring, or running the eRIC express, call your Peppercon OEM or VAD Technical Support representative.

We invite you to access the Peppercon's Web site (<http://www.raritan.com/>). There you shall find all modifications made after the editorial deadline. You may also contact us via email to <tech@raritan.com>.



# Chapter 1. The Quick Start Guide

## Mounting

Mount the eRIC express into a free PCI slot. Connect the internal cables:

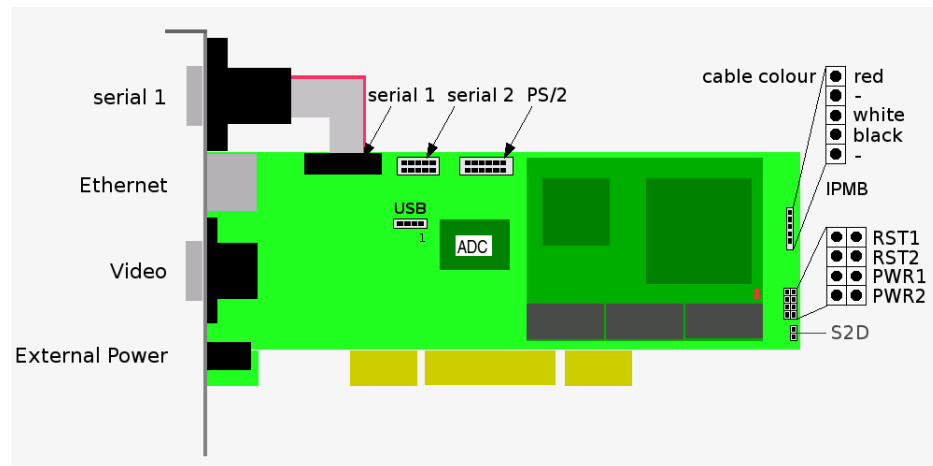


Figure 1-1. eRIC express internal connectors

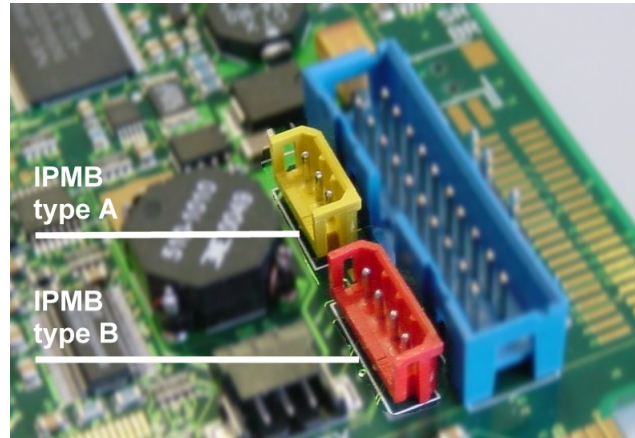
There are two options to enable reset/power:

a. IPMI over IPMB

If your system supports IPMI over IPMB, use the enclosed IPMB cable as seen on the picture below. Connect the IPMB cable either to the three- or four-pin connector (if available) on the motherboard.



Figure 1-2. IPMB cable

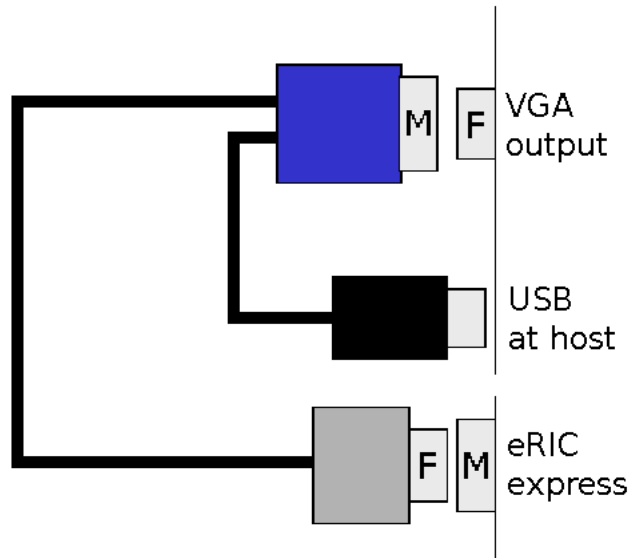


**Figure 1-3. IPMB connector**

- b. If there are separate pins for the reset and power switch connectors on the motherboard, refer to the motherboard manual to find the right connectors for the front panel reset/power switch buttons:
1. Disconnect the reset cable from the motherboard and connect it to the connector RST1 of the eRIC express.
  2. Connect the connector RST2 on the eRIC express using the enclosed reset cable (two wires, black/red) with the reset connector on the motherboard.
  3. Disconnect the power switch cable from the motherboard and connect it to the connector PWR1 on the eRIC express.
  4. Connect the connector PWR2 on the eRIC express using the enclosed power switch cable (two wires, black/red) with the power switch on the motherboard.

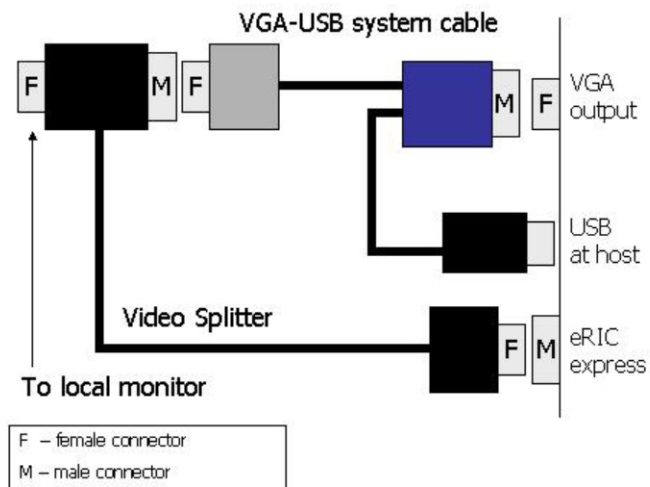
In case your motherboard does not have single pins for reset and power switch, you may use one of the front panel adapters which are offered. In case those adapters do not fit into your system or in case you need further assistance, contact the support via email to <tech@raritan.com>.

Finally, connect the external cables.



**Figure 1-4. eRIC express Video/USB connector cable**

1. Use the video cable to connect the VGA output of the host with the VGA input on the eRIC express. In case a local video display is required, please use the optional video splitter (item no. #7020042) as shown below. Make sure that the connector with screws is mounted to the computer VGA out.



**Figure 1-5. eRIC express video splitter**

2. Connect the USB plug with one of the host's own USB connectors.
3. Connect the Ethernet jack to a hub or switch using a UTP 5 cable if required.
4. If needed, connect your external power supply (available separately) to the eRIC express. The LED on the processor module indicates that the eRIC express card is functioning properly.

## Initial Network Configuration

Initially, the eRIC express network interface is configured with the parameters shown in Table 1-1.

**Table 1-1. Initial Network Configuration**

Parameter	Value
IP auto configuration	DHCP
IP address	-
Netmask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	none
IP access control	none

### Warning

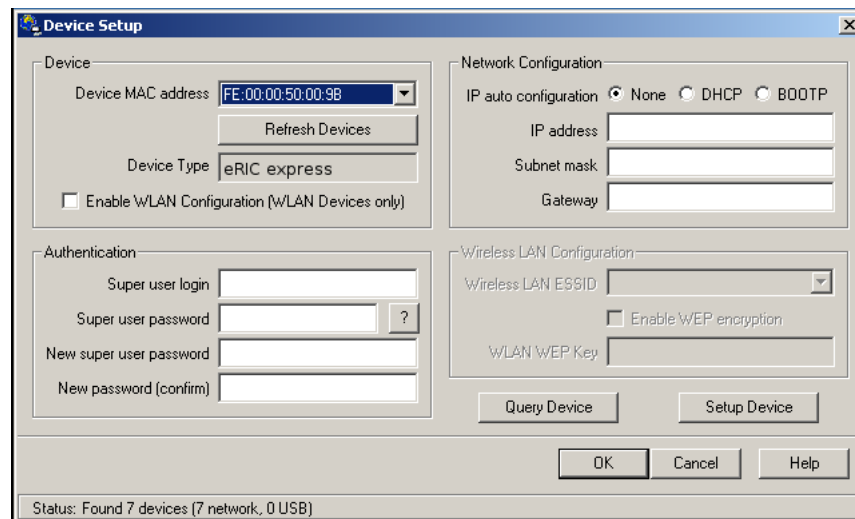
If the DHCP connection fails on boot up, the eRIC express will not have an IP address.

If this initial configuration does not meet your local requirements, use the setup tool to adjust the values to your needs. The setup tool can be found on the CD ROM delivered with this package. You can follow the procedure described below.

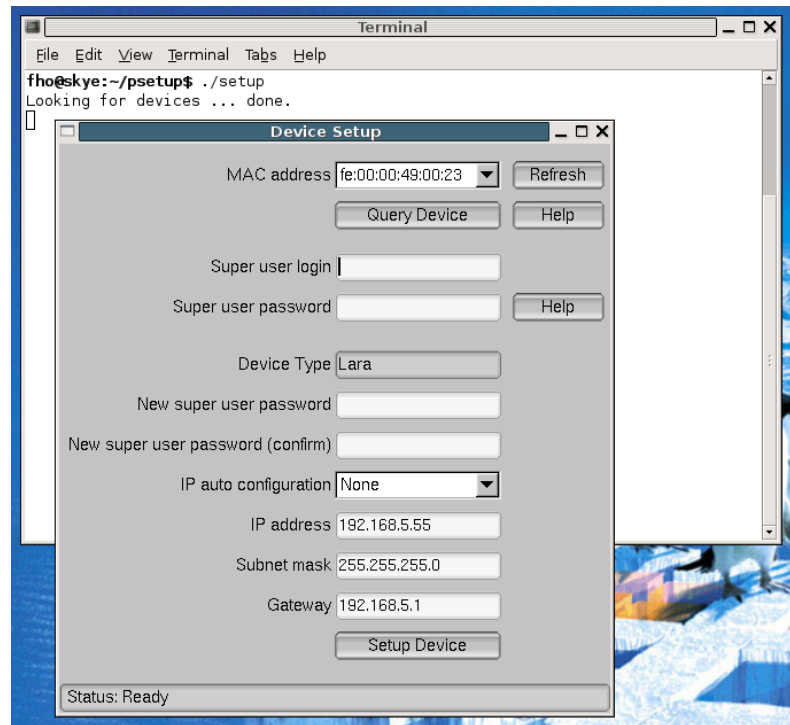
## eRIC express Setup Tool

The setup tool is used to determine the IP address assigned to the eRIC express by the DHCP server or to change the device's initial network configuration.

### Main Window



**Figure 1-6. eRIC express setup tool (Windows version)**



**Figure 1-7. eRIC express setup tool (Linux version)**

Connect the eRIC express to your computer via local network. Start the setup tool from the CD ROM on the computer in which the eRIC express is installed.

**Note:** Configuration via network requires the device to have a valid IP address. If your network provides a properly configured DHCP server the eRIC express should be automatically assigned an IP address.

A window opens as seen in Figure 1-6 (on a Windows OS) and Figure 1-7 (on a Linux OS).

## MAC Address Detection

Using the tool for Windows

On the upper left corner, the MAC address of the eRIC express is displayed. To detect the MAC address manually, press the button “Refresh Devices”. The displayed MAC address is the same MAC address printed on the white sticker placed on the back of the eRIC express.

On the lower right corner of the window, there are two buttons: “Query Device” and “Setup Device”. Press the “Query Device” button to display the preconfigured values of the network configuration. The values are displayed in the text fields located above. If necessary, adjust the network settings to your needs. To save the changes enter an user name and an according password. Then press the “Setup Device” button.

#### Using the Linux tool

On the top of the window the MAC address of the device is displayed. To detect the MAC address manually, press the button “Refresh”. The displayed MAC address is the same MAC address printed on the white sticker placed on the back of the eRIC express.

Furthermore, there are two buttons on the window: “Query Device” and “Setup Device”. Press the “Query Device” button to display the preconfigured values of the network configuration. The values are displayed in the text fields located nearby. If necessary, adjust the network settings to your needs. To save the changes enter an user name and an according password. Then press the “Setup Device” button.

### Authentication

To adjust the authentication settings, enter your login as a superuser and change your password.

#### Super user login

Enter the login name of the super user. The initial value is “super”.

#### Super user password

Enter the current password for the super user. This initial value is “pass”.

#### New super user password

Enter the new password for the super user.

#### New password (confirm)

Re-type the new password for the super user.

To close the window and accept the changes press the “OK” button, otherwise press the “Cancel” button (on Windows). On a Linux system close the window by the appropriate button of the window frame.

## Configuration via Serial Interface

To configure the eRIC express via serial interface both a serial port replicator cable and a null modem cable are required (available separately). .

Connect the Null Modem Cable to the serial interface with the black connector on the rear side.

The serial interface needs to be adjusted with the parameters as shown in Table 1-2.

**Table 1-2. Serial parameters**

Parameter	Value
Bits/second	115200
Data bits	8
Parity	no

Parameter	Value
Stop bits	1
Flow control	none

Use a terminal software (e.g. `hyperterm` or `minicom`) to connect to the eRIC express. Reset the eRIC express, and immediately press the “ESC” key. You will see some device information, and a “=>” prompt. Enter the command “config”, and press the key “ENTER”. Quite soon afterwards you are asked to adjust the IP auto configuration, the IP address, the net mask, and the default gateway. Pressing the “ENTER” key without entering values does not change settings. The gateway value has to be set to 0.0.0.0 (for no gateway) or any other value for the IP address of the gateway. After the confirmation the eRIC express performs a reset using the new values as set before.

## Web Interface

The eRIC express may be accessed using a standard Java enabled web browser. You may use the HTTP protocol or a secure encrypted connection via HTTPS. Just enter the configured IP address of the eRIC express into your web browser. The initial login settings are:

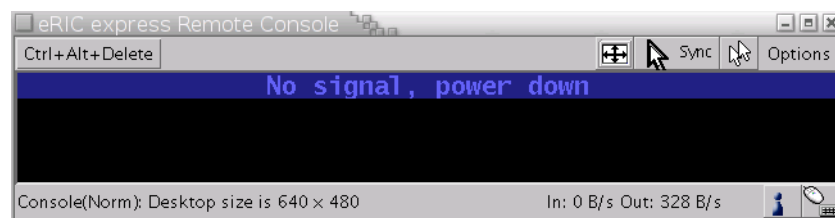
**Table 1-3. Standard User Settings**

Parameter	Value
Login	super
Password	pass

Changing these settings to user specific values is strongly recommended and can be done on the “User Management” page (see the Section called *Users And Groups* in Chapter 6).


## The Remote Console

The Remote Console is the redirected screen, keyboard and mouse of the remote host system in which the eRIC express is installed. The web browser which is used for accessing the eRIC express has to supply a Java Runtime Environment version 1.1 or higher. However, it is strongly recommended to install Sun JVM 1.4. The Remote Console will behave exactly the same way as if you were sitting directly in front of the screen of your remote system. That means that both the keyboard and mouse can be used in the usual way. Open the console by selecting the preview picture on the main site of the HTML frontend. Figure 1-8 shows the top of the Remote Console.



**Figure 1-8. Top part of the Remote Console**

There are some options to choose from the menu, the important ones are the following:

Auto Adjust button 

If the video displayed is of bad quality or distorted in some way, press this button and wait a few seconds while the eRIC express tries to adjust itself for the best possible video quality.

Sync Mouse 

Choose this option in order to synchronize the local with the remote mouse cursor. This is especially necessary when using accelerated mouse settings on the host system. In general, there is no need to change mouse settings on that.

**Note:** At first start, if the local mouse pointer is not synchronized with the remote mouse pointer, press the Auto Adjust Button once.



## Chapter 2. Introduction

### Introduction

The eRIC express is a manufacturer-independent remote administration system. The eRIC express works as an integrated solution on your server system. Based on an embedded operating system, the eRIC express provides both exceptional stability and permanent availability independent of the present state of the server's operating system. As a system administrator, you have entire control and location-independent remote access to react upon both critical incidents and cases of necessary maintenance.

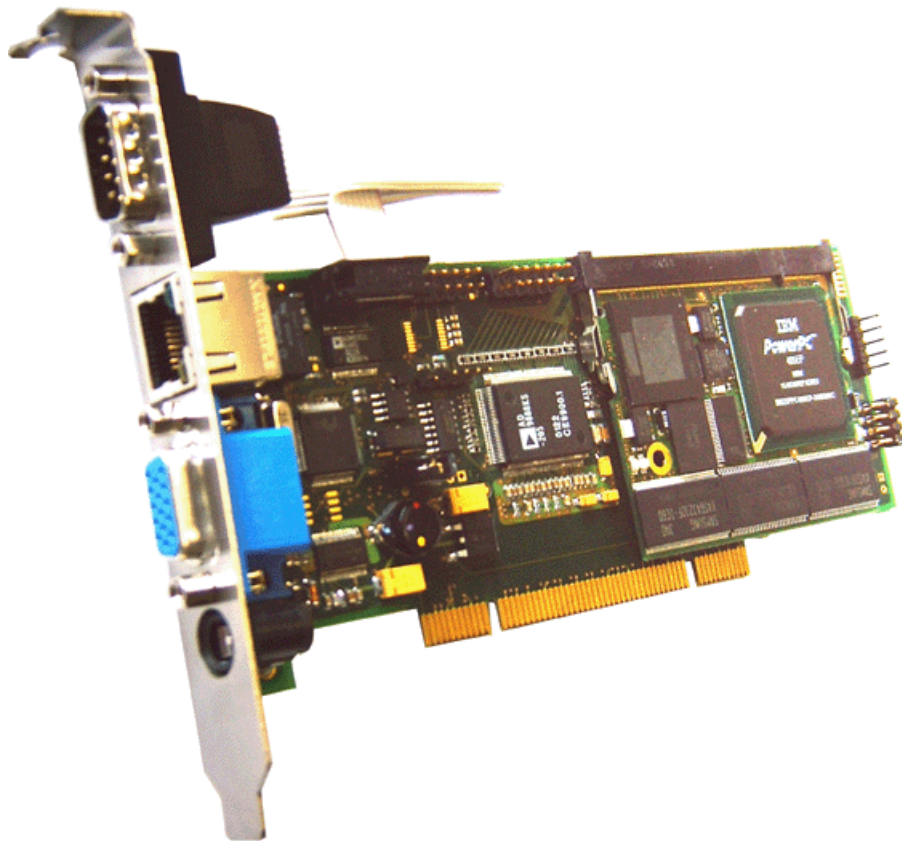


Figure 2-1. eRIC express

### Features

The eRIC express defines a new class of remote access devices . It combines digital remote access via IP networks with comprehensive and integrated system management.

The eRIC express offers convenient, remote KVM access and control via LAN or Internet. It captures, digitizes, and compresses video and transmits it with keyboard and mouse signals to and from a remote computer. Remote access and control software runs on its embedded processors only but not on mission critical servers, so that there is no interference with server operation or impact on network performance.

Furthermore, the eRIC express offers additional remote power management with the help of optional available devices. Features of the eRIC express are:

- KVM (keyboard, video, mouse) access over IP or analog telephone line
- No impact on server or network performance
- Automatically senses video resolution for best possible screen capture
- High-performance mouse tracking and synchronization
- Port to connect a user console for direct analogous access to KVM device
- Local Mouse suppression (only when using SUN's Java Virtual Machine)

## **eRIC express System Components**

The eRIC express comes as a regular PCI card and is shipped with:

- an eRIC express Board with PCI bracket
- an external power supply (PEPPERCON SA-051A5F-12)
- a cord for power supply
- a VGA USB system cable
- a 3 cable bag: power, reset, IBMB cable
- a Null Modem cable
- a low profile bracket
- an Installation and User Manual on a CD ROM
- a Quick Start Guide

Available separately (optional):

- a video splitter for local console (#7020042)
- a PS/2 and COM 2 extender

## **When the Server is up and running**

The eRIC express gives you full control over the remote server. The Management Console allows you to access the remote server's graphics, keyboard and mouse and to send special commands to the server.

You can also perform periodic maintenance of the server. Using the Console Redirection Service you can do the following:

- Reboot the system (a graceful shutdown)
- Watch the boot process
- Boot the system from a separate partition to load the diagnostic environment
- Run special diagnostic programs

## When the Server is dead

Obviously, fixing hardware defects is not possible using a remote management device. Nevertheless, the eRIC express gives the administrator valuable information about the type of a hardware failure.

Serious hardware failures can be categorized into five different categories with different chances to happen <sup>1</sup>:

**Table 2-1. Hardware failures**

Category	Probability
Hard disk failure	50%
Power cable detached, power supply failure	28%
CPU, Controller, motherboard failure	10%
CPU fan failure	8%
RAM failure	4%

Using the eRIC express, administrators can determine which kind of serious hardware failure has occurred (see Table 2-2).

**Table 2-2. Host system failures and how they are detected**

Type of failure	Detected by
Hard disk failure	Console screen, CMOS set-up information
Power cable detached, power supply failure	Server remains in power off state after power on command has been given.
CPU, Controller, main board failure	Power supply is on, but there is no video output.
CPU fan failure	By IPMI or server specific management software
RAM failure	Boot-Sequence on boot console

## Notes

1. According to a survey made by the Intel Corp.



## Chapter 3. Installation

### Operation Overview

The eRIC express redirects local keyboard, mouse and video data to a remote administration console. All data is transmitted with the TCP/IP protocol family.

The eRIC express can be used in both a multi-administrator and multi-server environment. Combining one or more eRIC express s with a single KVM switch allows access to multiple servers on a single remote console.

### Connectors and Jumpers

Figure 3-1 and Figure 3-2 show all connectors and plugs of the eRIC express. Each of these connectors will be explained in the following.

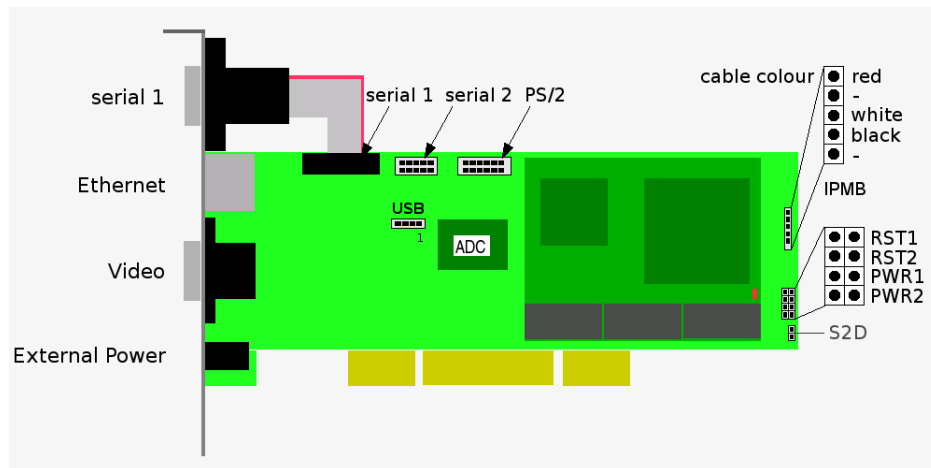


Figure 3-1. eRIC express internal connectors

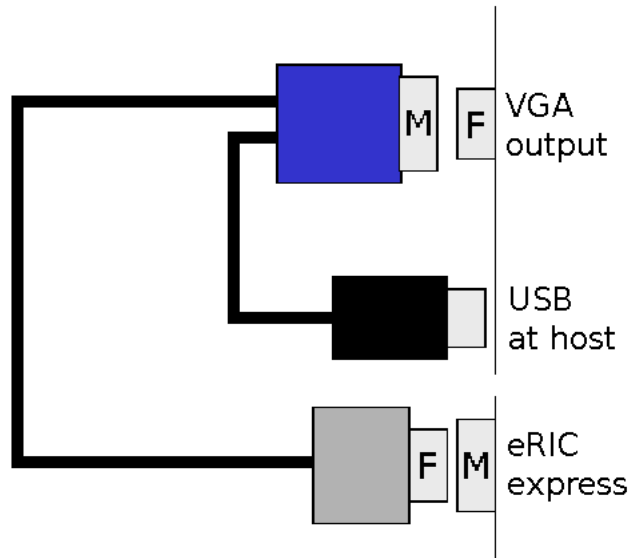


Figure 3-2. eRIC express Video/USB connector cable

### Serial Interface

An optional external modem or IPM 220-L (Inline Power Module) may be connected to the eRIC express using this connector. The connector is compliant to the RS 232 serial line standard with hardware handshake.

Every off-the-shelf modem can be connected to the eRIC express via the RS 232 interface. For details on configuring and using the serial interface, refer to the Section called *Serial Settings* in Chapter 6.

### USB Plug

Use this connector to connect the eRIC express with the host's USB interface.

### Video/USB System Interface

This interface combines both the USB and the Video input connector of the eRIC express. Please connect the supplied system cable to the connector, only.

### 10/100 Mbps Ethernet adapter

UTP Cat 3 or 5 cables can be connected to the eRIC express using this standard RJ45 jack. Refer to Appendix F for the details of the pin assignment for the RJ45 connector.

### External Power

An external power supply has to be connected to the eRIC express in order to use the remote power on/off features provided by the eRIC express. Please refer to the Section called *Connecting Optional External Power Supply* for further details.

## ATX Power Reset

Additional cables are required in order to enable the remote reset and the remote power functions of the eRIC express. The reset/power switch has the pin assignment as shown in Figure 3-3.

Direction towards the the PCI bus ↓	○	○	RST1	Reset cable to front panel
	○	○	RST2	Reset cable to main board
	○	○	PWR1	Power cable to front panel
	○	●	PWR2	Power cable to main board

Figure 3-3. eRIC express reset/power connection pinout

**Note:** On the eRIC express the pin for the power connector is tagged with “ATX”.

## Intelligent Management Platform Bus Connector (IPMB)

The IPMB connector (also known as I2C connector) on an IPMI capable motherboard allows direct access to power control functions. Connecting the IPMB connector of the eRIC express with such a port using our IPMB cable makes it possible to use the IPMI over IPMB function of the eRIC express. Refer to Appendix F for the pin assignment details of the IPMB connector.

## The Set to Default (S2D) Pins

These pins may be used to reset the eRIC express. See the Section called *Resetting the eRIC express to its Factory Settings* in Chapter 4 for a detailed description on how to reset the eRIC express.

## Serial 2 and PS/2

For the usage of these connectors the PS/2 extender (#7020043) is required.

# Placing the eRIC express into the Server

## Disassembling the server

In order to install the eRIC express you need to open the host system. Detach the host from its power cable and follow the instructions of your system documentation.

## Plugging an eRIC express into a PCI Slot

### eRIC express PCI

Place the eRIC express into a free PCI slot. You may use any PCI slot (33 or 66 MHz, 32 or 64 Bit, PCIX).

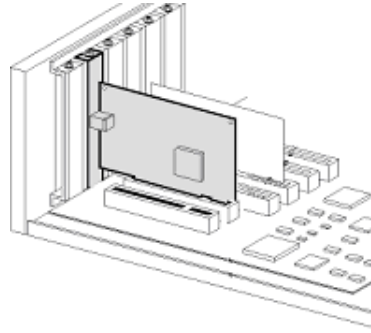


Figure 3-4. Mounting the eRIC express into a PCI slot

### Connecting Power and Reset Cables

The eRIC express offers the possibility to remotely control both the power and the reset functions of the host system. In order to support it, there is additional cabling necessary. The preferred way for this cabling are the interfaces offered by IPMI. However, if your host does not support IPMI you may use one of the other possibilities.

#### *Connecting over IPMB*

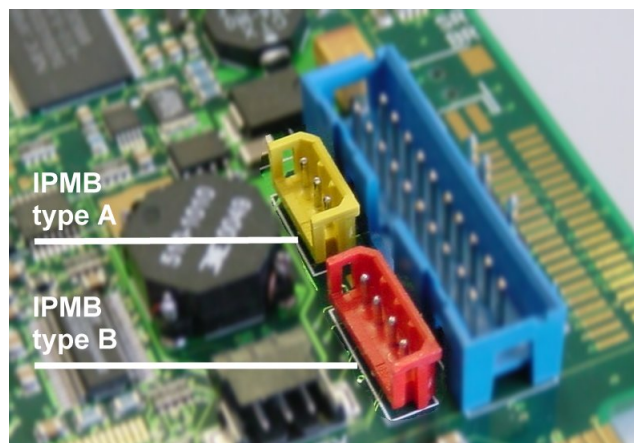
This connection is used to power on or power off the system, or to perform a hard reset. You must have a motherboard that supports IPMI and has a 3 or 4 pin IPMB connector as shown in Figure 3-6.

- Connect the 5 pin connector of the IPMB cable with the 1x5 pin IPMB connector on the eRIC express as shown in Figure 3-1.
- Connect the other ending of the cable with one of the IPMB connectors (3 or 4 pin connector) on the motherboard.
- Set the IPMI settings to IPMI over IPMB.
- Make sure that the IPMI function is enabled on the host system.





**Figure 3-5. IPMB cable**



**Figure 3-6. IPMB connector**

#### *Connecting to ATX Control Signals*

In case your system provides separated pins for reset and power on/off, obey the following steps while referring to Figure 3-1.

1. Find the cable connecting the front panel reset button and the motherboard.
2. Disconnect this cable from the motherboard and connect it to RST2 of the eRIC express. Refer to Figure 3-3 for pin assignment.
3. Take the reset cable provided with the eRIC express and connect it with one ending to the motherboard's reset connector (from where you just disconnected the cable to the front panel), and with the other ending to RST1 of the RST/PWR connector of the eRIC express.
4. Disconnect this cable from the motherboard and connect it to PWR2. For pin assignment details, refer to Figure 3-3.
5. Take the power cable provided with the eRIC express and connect it with one ending to the motherboard's power connector (from where you just disconnected the cable to the front panel), and with the other ending to PWR1 of the RST/PWR connector of the eRIC express.
6. Check the cabling: there are four cables connected to the RST/PWR connector, finally.

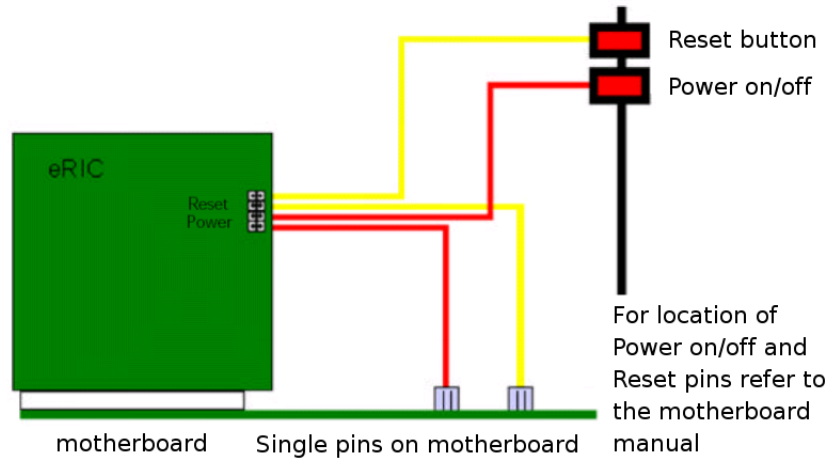


Figure 3-7. eRIC express pins

#### Connecting with Front Panel Connector

There are motherboards which do not have separated pins for power on/off and reset. Both the reset and the power button are placed on the system's front panel and connected to the motherboard via a common front panel connector. To allow the connection of the eRIC express's remote reset and power on/off signals to those motherboards a special front panel adapter has to be placed between the front panel connector on the motherboard, and the cable connector to the front panel. Please ask your vendor for assistance.

#### Connecting Keyboard and Mouse

Keyboard and mouse data are transmitted via USB into the server system. Connect the USB plug into the according socket on the server.

#### Connecting Optional External Power Supply

To allow the eRIC express to operate independently from the server system it is possible to connect the card to external power supply. From the technical point of view any power supply can be used unless the following specifications are met:

Table 3-1. Voltage and Power Specifications

Parameter	Value
Voltage	5V
Current	$\geq 1A$
Pining	Plus on inner connector
Dimension	2.1 mm diameter

We recommend a 5V /1A power supply. Contact your local sales representative for a

Peppercon approved power supply.

### Warning

Any standard power supply compliant with the requirements stated above may be used. Nevertheless, any warranty from Peppercon voids if non- Peppercon power supplies are used in conjunction with the eRIC express. Check for the Peppercon approval label on the external power supply in order to preserve your manufacturer's warranty.

The power supplies used with the eRIC express must not be used with the eRIC express, or the card may also be damaged.

### Warning

The eRIC express will work without the external power adapter, but only in case the server is switched on. The AC power adapter is an optional feature that provides power to the eRIC express in case the host power fails, or is switched off. If you do not use the AC power adapter and the server loses power, then you will not be able to access the eRIC express from the remote console.

## Connecting Ethernet

The bracket of the eRIC express provides a RJ45 connector for Ethernet. The connector is used either for a 100 Mbps 100Base-TX connection or for a 10 Mbps 10BASE-T connection. The adapter can sense the connection speed and will adjust to the appropriate operation mode automatically.

### *10 Mbps Connection*

For 10BASE-T Ethernet networks the Fast Ethernet adapter uses category 3, 4, or 5 UTP cable. To establish a 10 Mbps connection, the cable has to be connected to a 10BASE-T hub.

1. Make sure that the cable is wired appropriately for a standard 10BASE-T adapter.
2. Align the RJ45 plug with the notch on the adapter's connector and insert it into the adapter's connector.

### *100 Mbps Connection*

For 100BASE-TX Ethernet networks the eRIC express supports category 5 UTP cabling. To establish a 100 Mbps connection, the cable has to be connected to a 100BASE-TX hub.

1. Make sure that the cable is wired appropriately for a standard 100BASE-TX adapter.
2. Align the RJ45 plug with the notch on the adapter's connector and insert it into the adapter's connector.

### Warning

The UTP wire pairs and configuration for 100BASE-TX cable are identical to those for 10BASE-T cable when used with category 5 UTP cable.



## Chapter 4. Configuration

### Initial Configuration

The eRIC express's communication interfaces are all based on TCP/IP. It comes pre-configured with the IP configuration listed in Table 4-1.

**Table 4-1. Initial network configuration**

Parameter	Value
IP auto configuration	DHCP
IP address	-
Netmask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	none
IP access control	none

#### **Warning**

If the DHCP connection fails on boot up, the eRIC express will not have an IP address.

If this initial configuration does not meet your requirements, the following describes the initial IP configuration that is necessary to access the eRIC express for the first time.

### eRIC express Setup Tool

The setup tool is used to determine the IP address assigned to the eRIC express by the DHCP server or to change the device's initial network configuration.

## Main Window

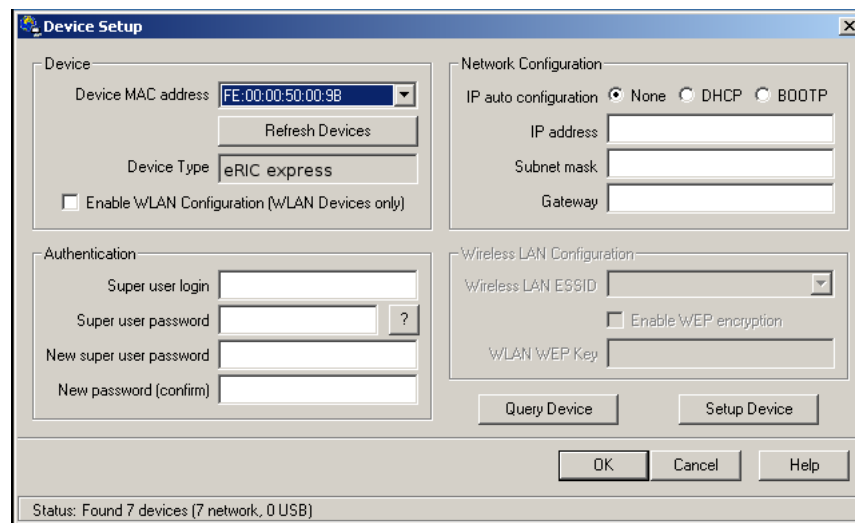


Figure 4-1. eRIC express setup tool (Windows version)

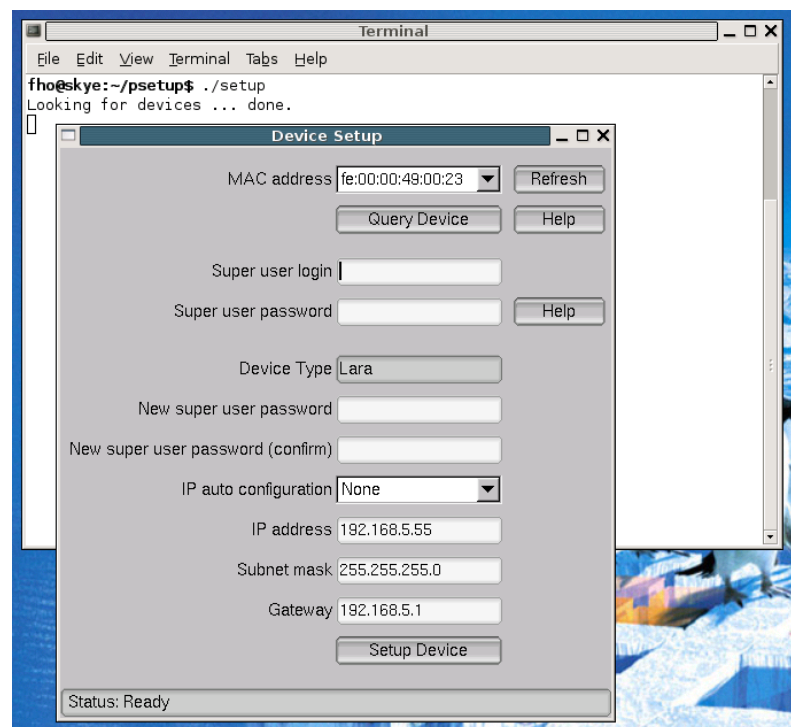


Figure 4-2. eRIC express setup tool (Linux version)

Connect the eRIC express to your computer via local network. Start the setup tool from the CD ROM on the computer in which the eRIC express is installed.

**Note:** Configuration via network requires the device to have a valid IP address. If your network provides a properly configured DHCP server the eRIC express should be auto-

matically assigned an IP address.

A window opens as seen in Figure 4-1 (on a Windows OS) and Figure 4-2 (on a Linux OS).

## MAC Address Detection

### Using the tool for Windows

On the upper left corner, the MAC address of the eRIC express is displayed. To detect the MAC address manually, press the button “Refresh Devices”. The displayed MAC address is the same MAC address printed on the white sticker placed on the back of the eRIC express.

On the lower right corner of the window, there are two buttons: “Query Device” and “Setup Device”. Press the “Query Device” button to display the preconfigured values of the network configuration. The values are displayed in the text fields located above. If necessary, adjust the network settings to your needs. To save the changes enter an user name and an according password. Then press the “Setup Device” button.

### Using the Linux tool

On the top of the window the MAC address of the device is displayed. To detect the MAC address manually, press the button “Refresh”. The displayed MAC address is the same MAC address printed on the white sticker placed on the back of the eRIC express.

Furthermore, there are two buttons on the window: “Query Device” and “Setup Device”. Press the “Query Device” button to display the preconfigured values of the network configuration. The values are displayed in the text fields located nearby. If necessary, adjust the network settings to your needs. To save the changes enter an user name and an according password. Then press the “Setup Device” button.

## Authentication

To adjust the authentication settings, enter your login as a superuser and change your password.

### Super user login

Enter the login name of the super user. The initial value is “super”.

### Super user password

Enter the current password for the super user. This initial value is “pass”.

### New super user password

Enter the new password for the super user.

### New password (confirm)

Re-type the new password for the super user.

To close the window and accept the changes press the “OK” button, otherwise press the “Cancel” button (on Windows). On a Linux system close the window by the appropriate button of the window frame.

## Initial Configuration via DHCP Server

By default, the eRIC express will try to contact a DHCP server in the subnet to which it is physically connected. If a DHCP server is found, it may provide a valid IP address, gateway address and net mask. Before you connect the device to your local subnet, be sure to complete the corresponding configuration of your DHCP server. It is recommended to configure a fixed IP assignment to the MAC address of the eRIC express. You can find the MAC address on the outside of the shipping box and labeled on the bottom side.

If this initial configuration does not meet your local requirements, use the setup tool to adjust the values to your needs. The setup tool can be found on the CD ROM delivered with this package. You can follow the procedure described below.

## Initial Configuration via Serial Console

To configure the eRIC express via serial interface both a serial port replicator cable and a null modem cable are required.

Using a serial terminal, the eRIC express has a serial line interface (rear bracket). This connector is compliant with the RS 232 serial line standard. To establish a serial connection use a standard NULL-Modem cable. The serial line has to be configured with the parameters given in Table 4-2.

When configuring with a serial terminal, reset the eRIC express and immediately press the “ESC” key. You will see some device information, and a “=>” prompt. Enter “config”, press “Enter” and wait for a few seconds for the configuration questions to appear.

**Table 4-2. Serial line parameters**

Parameter	Value
Bits/second	115200
Data bits	8
Parity	no
Stop bits	1
Flow control	none

As you proceed, the following questions will appear on the screen. To accept the default values which are shown in square brackets below, press “Enter”.

```
IP auto configuration (non/dhcp/bootp) [dhcp]:
IP [192.168.1.22]:
Net mask [255.255.255.0]:
Gateway (0.0.0.0 for none) [0.0.0.0]:
```



**IP autoconfiguration**

With this option you can specify whether the eRIC express should get its network settings from a DHCP or BOOTP server. For DHCP, enter “dhcp”, and for BOOTP enter “bootp”. If you do not specify any of these, the IP autoconfiguration is disabled and subsequently you will be asked for the following network settings.

**IP address**

The IP address the eRIC express uses. This option is only available if IP autoconfiguration is disabled.

**Net mask**

The net mask of the connected IP subnet. This option is only available if IP autoconfiguration is disabled.

**Gateway address**

The IP address of the default router for the connected IP subnet. If you do not have a default router, enter 0.0.0.0. This option is only available if IP autoconfiguration is disabled.

Finally, you will be asked if the values are correct, and may adjust them if necessary. After your confirmation the eRIC express performs a reset using the new values.

## Web Interface

The eRIC express may be accessed using a standard Java enabled web browser. You may use the HTTP protocol or a secure encrypted connection via HTTPS. Just enter the configured IP address of the eRIC express into your web browser. The initial login settings are:

**Table 4-3. Standard User Settings**

Parameter	Value
Login	super
Password	pass

Changing these settings to user specific values is strongly recommended and can be done on the “User Management” page (see the Section called *Users And Groups* in Chapter 6).

## Mouse, Keyboard and Video configuration

Between the eRIC express and the host, there are two interfaces available for transmitting keyboard and mouse data: USB and PS/2. The correct operation of the remote mouse depends on several settings which will be discussed in the following subsections.

### eRIC express USB interface

To use the USB interface a correct cabling between the managed host and the managing device is necessary. If the managed host has no USB keyboard support in the BIOS and you have connected the USB cable only, then you will have no remote

keyboard access during the boot process of the host. Please see the Section called *Keyboard/Mouse* in Chapter 6 for more details.

## eRIC express Keyboard Settings

The eRIC express settings for the host's keyboard type have to be correct in order to make the remote keyboard work properly. Check the settings in the eRIC express front-end. See the Section called *Keyboard/Mouse* in Chapter 6 for details.

## Remote Mouse Settings

A common problem with KVM devices is the synchronization between the local and remote mouse cursors. The eRIC express addresses this situation with an intelligent synchronization algorithm. There are three mouse modes available on the eRIC express.

### Auto Mouse Speed

The automatic mouse speed mode tries to detect the speed and acceleration settings of the host system automatically. See the section below for a more detailed explanation.

### Fixed Mouse Speed

This mode just translates the mouse movements from the Remote Console in a way that one pixel move will lead to  $n$  pixel moves on the remote system. This parameter  $n$  is adjustable with the scaling. It should be noted that this works only when mouse acceleration is turned off on the remote system.

### Single/Double Mouse Mode

This mode is described in the Section called *Single and Double Mouse Mode*.

## Auto Mouse Speed and Mouse Synchronization

The automatic mouse speed mode performs the speed detection during mouse synchronization. Whenever the mouse does not move correctly, there are two ways for re-synchronizing local and remote mouse:

### Fast Sync

The fast synchronization is used to correct a temporary but fixed skew. Choose this option from the Remote Console Options menu (entry: Mouse Handling). If defined you may also press the mouse synchronization hotkey sequence (see the Section called *Remote Console Control Bar* in Chapter 5 for details) .

### Intelligent Sync

If the Fast Sync does not work or the mouse settings have been changed on the host system, use the Intelligent Synchronization, instead. This method adjusts the parameters for the actual movement of the mouse pointer so that the mouse pointer is displayed at the correct position on the screen.

This method takes more time than the Fast Sync and can be accessed with the appropriate item in the Remote Console Option menu (entry: Mouse Handling).

The Intelligent Synchronization requires a correctly adjusted picture. Use the Auto Adjustment function or the manual correction in the Video Settings panel to setup the picture.

Furthermore, the shape of the mouse pointer has a significant influence on the pointer detection. We recommend to use a simple, but common pointer shape. In most cases, the detection and synchronization of animated pointer shapes is likely to fail. In general, pointer shapes that change during the pointer detection process are rather impossible to figure out in the transferred video picture. With the usage of a standard mouse pointer shape the detection is rather simple and the synchronization is at its best.



**Figure 4-3. Remote Console Control Bar: Sync Button**

The Sync Mouse button on top of the Remote Console can behave differently, depending on the current state of mouse synchronization. Usually pressing this button leads to a Fast Sync, except in situations where the KVM port or the video mode changed recently. See also the Section called *Remote Console Control Bar* in Chapter 5.

**Note:** At first start, if the local mouse pointer is not synchronized with the remote mouse pointer, press the Auto Adjust Button once.

## Host System Mouse Settings

The host's operating system knows various settings for the mouse driver.

### Warning

The following limitations do not apply in case of USB and Mouse Type "MS Windows 2000 and newer".

While the eRIC express works with accelerated mice and is able to synchronize the local with the remote mouse pointer, there are the following limitations which may prevent this synchronization from working properly:

#### Special Mouse Driver

There are mouse drivers which influence the synchronization process and lead to desynchronized mouse pointers. If this happens, make sure you do not use a special vendor-specific mouse driver on your host system.

#### Windows 2003 Server/XP Mouse Settings

Windows XP knows a setting named "improve mouse acceleration" which has to be deactivated.

#### Active Desktop

If the Active Desktop feature of Microsoft Windows is enabled, do not use a plain background. Instead, use some kind of wallpaper. As an alternative, you could also disable the Active Desktop completely.

See also the Section called *Recommended Mouse Settings* for mouse mode recommendations.

Navigate your mouse pointer into the upper left corner of the applet screen and move it slightly forth and back. Thus the mouse will be resynchronized. If resynchronizing fails, disable the mouse acceleration and repeat the procedure.

## Single and Double Mouse Mode

The information above applies to the Double Mouse Mode where remote and local mouse pointers are visible and need to be synchronized. The eRIC express also features another mode, the Single Mouse Mode, where only the remote mouse pointer is visible. Activate this mode in the Remote Console (see the Section called *Remote Console Control Bar* in Chapter 5) and click into the window area. The local mouse pointer will be hidden and the remote one can be controlled directly. To leave this mode it is necessary to define a mouse hotkey in the Remote Console Settings Panel. Press this key to free the captured local mouse pointer.

## Recommended Mouse Settings

For the different operating systems we can give the following advice:

### MS Windows NT4

NT4 supports PS/2, only. Please choose the options PS/2 mouse and Auto Mouse Speed.

### MS Windows 2000, 2003, XP (all versions)

In general, we recommend the usage of a mouse via USB. Choose USB without Mouse Sync.

For a PS/2 mouse choose Auto Mouse Speed. For XP disable the option “enhance pointer precision” in the Control Panel.

**Note:** The remote mouse is always synchronized with the local mouse if selecting the option “MS Windows 2000 or newer”.

### SUN Solaris

Adjust the mouse settings either via “xset m 1” or use the CDE Control Panel to set the mouse to “1:1, no acceleration”. As an alternative you may also use the Single Mouse Mode.

### MAC OS X

We recommend using the Single Mouse Mode.

### OS/2

We recommend using the Single Mouse Mode.

### Linux

First, choose the option “Other Operating Systems” from the the Mouse Type selection box. Second, choose the option Auto Mouse Speed. This applies for both USB and PS/2 mice.

**Note:** For connecting a PS/2 mouse a PS/2 extender is required (available separately).

## Video Modes

The eRIC express recognizes a limited number of common video modes. When running X11 on the host system please do not use any custom modelines with special video modes. If you do, the eRIC express may not be able to detect them. We recommend using any of the standard VESA video modes instead. Please refer to Appendix C for a list of all supported video modes.

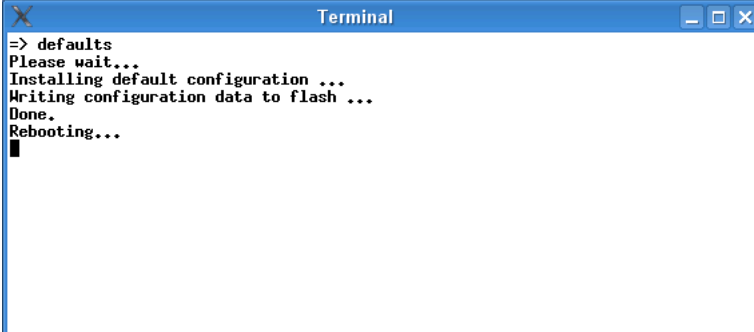
## Resetting the eRIC express to its Factory Settings

### Using the S2D Pins

The eRIC express has two reset pins as described in the Section called *The Set to Default (S2D) Pins* in Chapter 3. Upon delivery these pins are open. Close the pins with a jumper and reboot the eRIC express. Wait for about two or three minutes until the primary step for the reinitialization succeeded. Remove the jumper from the Reset Pins and reboot the eRIC express, again. Now, you may use the default settings as described in the Section called *Initial Configuration*.

### Using the Serial Interface

Reset the eRIC express and immediately press the “ESC” key. On your screen a command prompt “=>” will be visible. Enter the command “defaults”, press the “Enter” key and wait for a few seconds for the eRIC express to reboot. Now, you may use the default settings as described in the Section called *Initial Configuration*.

A screenshot of a terminal window titled "Terminal". The window has a blue title bar with standard window controls (minimize, maximize, close). The terminal content shows a sequence of messages: a prompt "=>" followed by the user input "defaults", then "Please wait...", "Installing default configuration ...", "Writing configuration data to flash ...", "Done.", and "Rebooting...". A cursor is visible on the line following "Rebooting...".

```
Terminal
=> defaults
Please wait...
Installing default configuration ...
Writing configuration data to flash ...
Done.
Rebooting...
█
```

Figure 4-4. Terminal with reset messages



## Chapter 5. Usage

### Prerequisites

The eRIC express features an embedded operating system and applications offering a variety of standardized interfaces. This chapter will describe both these interfaces and the way to use them in a more detailed manner. The interfaces are accessed using the TCP/IP protocol family, thus they can be accessed using the built-in Ethernet adapter or a modem, too.

The following interfaces are supported:

#### HTTP/HTTPS

Full access is provided by the embedded web server. The eRIC express environment can be entirely managed using a standard web browser. You can access the eRIC express using the insecure HTTP protocol or using the encrypted HTTPS protocol. Whenever possible use HTTPS.

#### Telnet

A standard Telnet client can be used to access an arbitrary device connected to the eRIC express's serial port via a terminal mode.

#### SSH

The eRIC express also offers SSH (Secure Shell) access as a secure alternative to Telnet.

The primary interface of the eRIC express is the HTTP interface. This is covered extensively in this chapter. Other interfaces are addressed in subtopics.

In order to use the Remote Console window of your managed host system, the browser has to come with a Java Runtime Environment version 1.1 or higher. If the browser has no Java support (such as on a small handheld device), you are still able to maintain your remote host system using the administration forms displayed by the browser itself.

**Important:** We recommend to install a Sun JVM 1.4.

For an insecure connection to the eRIC express we can recommend the following web browsers:

- Microsoft Internet Explorer version 5.0 or higher on Windows 98, Windows ME, Windows 2000 and Windows XP
- Netscape Navigator 7.0, Mozilla 1.6 and Mozilla Firefox on Windows 98, Windows ME, Windows 2000, Windows XP, Linux and other UNIX-like Operating Systems

In order to access the remote host system using a securely encrypted connection, you need a browser that supports the HTTPS protocol. Strong security is only assured by using a key length of 128 Bit. Some of the old browsers do not have a strong 128 Bit encryption algorithm.

Using the Internet Explorer, open the menu entry "?" and "Info" to read about the key length that is currently activated. The dialog box contains a link that leads you to

information on how to upgrade your browser to a state of the art encryption scheme. Figure 5-1 shows the dialog box presented by the Internet Explorer 6.0.



Figure 5-1. The Internet Explorer displaying the encryption key length

Newer web browsers do support strong encryption by default.

## Login into the eRIC express and logout

### Login into the eRIC express

Open your web browser. Type in the address of your eRIC express which you configured during the installation process. The address used might be a plain IP address or a host and domain name, in case you have given your eRIC express a symbolic name in the DNS. For instance, type the following in the address line of your browser when establishing an unsecured connection:

```
http://192.168.1.22/
```

In order to use a secure connection type in:

```
https://192.168.1.22/
```

This will lead you to the eRIC express login page as shown in Figure 5-2.

Figure 5-2. Login screen



**Warning**

Your web browser has to accept cookies or else login is not possible.

The eRIC express has a built-in super user that has all the permissions to administrate your eRIC express. See the following table for the default settings. Please note that the user “super” is not allowed to login via the serial interface of the eRIC express.

**Table 5-1. Standard User Settings**

Parameter	Value
Login	super
Password	pass

**Warning**

Please make sure to change the super user password immediately after you have installed and accessed your eRIC express for the first time. Not changing the pass phrase for the super user is a severe security risk and might result in unauthorized access to the eRIC express and to the host system including all possible consequences!

**Navigation**

Having logged into the eRIC express successfully, the main page of the eRIC express appears (see Figure 5-3). This page consists of three parts, each of them contains specific information. The buttons on the upper side allow you to navigate within the front end (see Table 5-2 for details). The lower left frame contains a navigation bar and allows you to switch between the different sections of the eRIC express. Within the right frame, task-specific information is displayed that depends on the section you have chosen before.

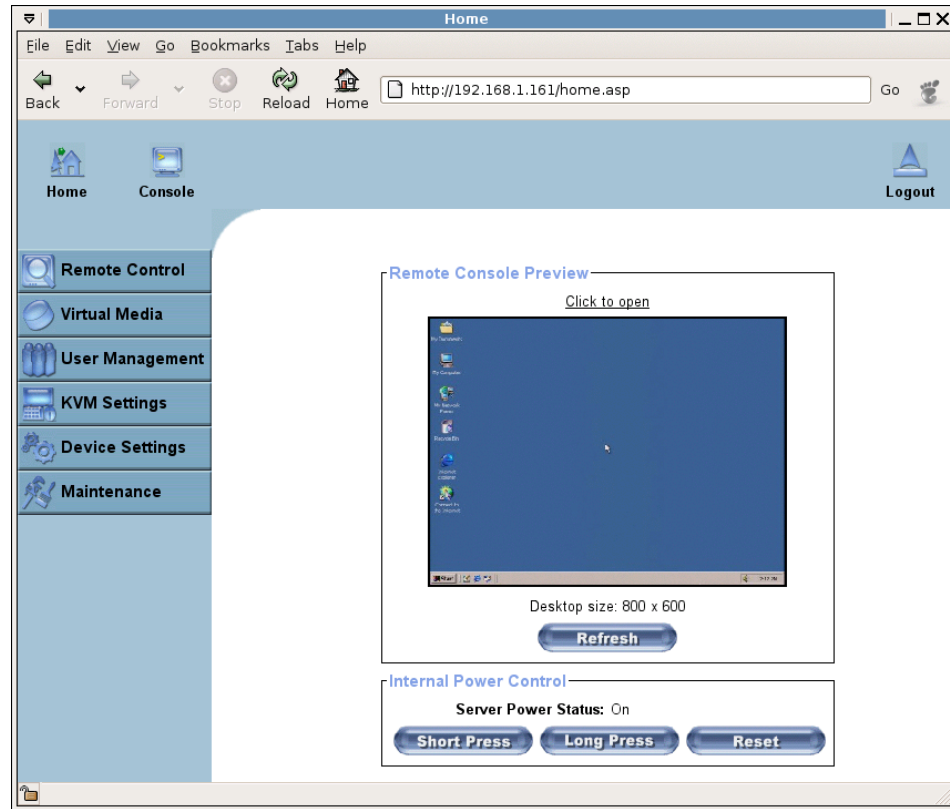





Figure 5-3. Main page

Table 5-2. Buttons from the front end

	<b>Home</b>	Return to the main page of the eRIC express.
	<b>Console</b>	Open the eRIC express Remote Console.
	<b>Logout</b>	Exit from the eRIC express front end.

### Warning

If there is no activity for half an hour, the eRIC express will log you out automatically. A click on one of the links will bring you back to the login screen.

## Logout from the eRIC express

This link logs out the current user and presents a new login screen. Please note that

an automatic logout will be performed in case there is no activity for half an hour.

## The Remote Console

### General Description

The Remote Console is the redirected screen, keyboard and mouse of the remote host system that the eRIC express controls.

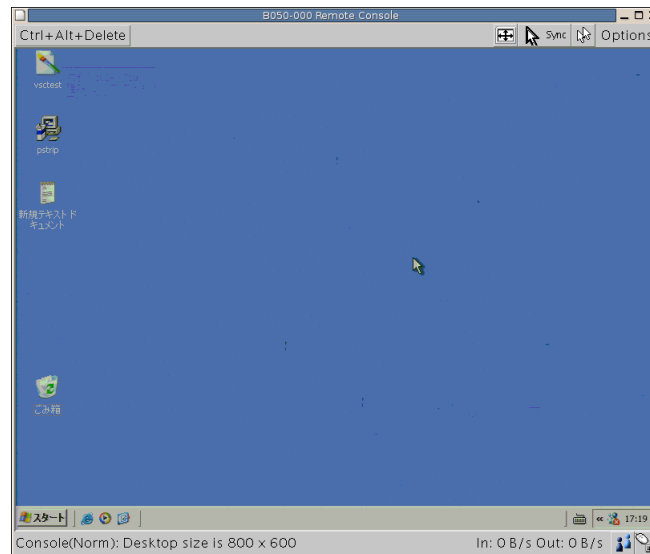


Figure 5-4. Remote Console

The Remote Console window is a Java Applet that tries to establish its own TCP connection to the eRIC express. The protocol that is run over this connection is neither HTTP nor HTTPS, but RFB (Remote Frame Buffer Protocol). Currently RFB tries to establish a connection to port #443. Your local network environment has to allow this connection to be made, i.e. your firewall and, in case you have a private internal network, your NAT (Network Address Translation) settings have to be configured accordingly.

In case the eRIC express is connected to your local network environment and your connection to the Internet is available using a proxy server only without NAT being configured, the Remote Console is very unlikely to be able to establish the according connection. This is because today's web proxies are not capable of relaying the RFB protocol.

In case of problems, please consult your network administrator in order to provide an appropriate network environment.

### Main Window

Starting the Remote Console opens an additional window. It displays the screen content of your host system. The Remote Console will behave exactly in the same way as if you were sitting directly in front of the screen of your remote system. That means keyboard and mouse can be used in the usual way. However, be aware of the fact that

the remote system will react to keyboard and mouse actions with a slight delay. The delay depends on the bandwidth of the line which you use to connect to the eRIC express.

With respect to the keyboard, the very exact remote representation might lead to some confusion as your local keyboard changes its keyboard layout according to the remote host system. If you use a German administration system and your host system uses a US English keyboard layout, for instance, special keys on the German keyboard will not work as expected. Instead, the keys will result in their US English counterpart. You can circumvent such problems by adjusting the keyboard of your remote system to the same mapping as your local one.

The Remote Console window always tries to show the remote screen with its optimal size. That means it will adapt its size to the size of the remote screen initially and after the screen resolution of the remote screen has been changed. However, you can always resize the Remote Console window in your local window system as usual.

### Warning

In difference to the remote host system, the Remote Console window on your local window system is just one window among others. In order to make keyboard and mouse work, your Remote Console window must have the local input focus.

## Remote Console Control Bar

The upper part of the Remote Console window contains a control bar. Using its elements you can see the status of the Remote Console and influence the local Remote Console settings. A description for each control follows.

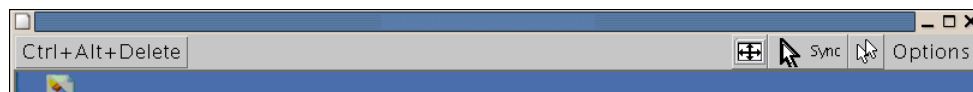



Figure 5-5. Remote Console Control Bar

Ctrl+Alt+Delete 

Special button key to send the “Control Alt Delete” key combination to the remote system (see also the Section called *KVM Settings* in Chapter 6 for defining new button keys).

Auto Adjust button 

If the video displayed is of bad quality or distorted in some way, press this button and wait a few seconds while the eRIC express tries to adjust itself for the best possible video quality.

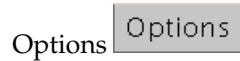
Sync Mouse 

Choose this option in order to synchronize the local with the remote mouse cursor. This is especially necessary when using accelerated mouse settings on the host system. In general, there is no need to change mouse settings on that.



Single/Double Mouse Mode

Switches between the Single Mouse Mode (where only the remote mouse pointer is visible) and the Double Mouse Mode (where remote and local mouse pointers are visible and need to be synchronized). Single Mouse Mode is only available if using SUN JVM 1.4 or higher.



Options

To open the Options menu click on the button "Options". See the Section called *Remote Console Options* for a detailed description of the available options for the eRIC express.

## Remote Console Options

To open the Options menu click on the button "Options".

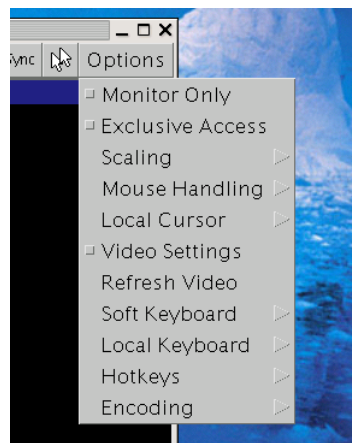


Figure 5-6. Remote Console Options Menu

A description of the options follows.

### *Monitor Only*

Toggles the Monitor Only filter on or off. If the filter is switched on no remote console interaction is possible. The remote screen can be viewed, only.

### *Exclusive Access*

If a user has the appropriate permission, he can force the Remote Consoles of all other users to close. No one can open the Remote Console at the same time again until this user disables the exclusive access or logs off.

A change in the access mode is also visible in the status line. See the Section called *Remote Console Status Line* for more information.

### Scaling

Allows you to scale down the Remote Console. You can still use both mouse and keyboard, however the scaling algorithm will not preserve all display details.

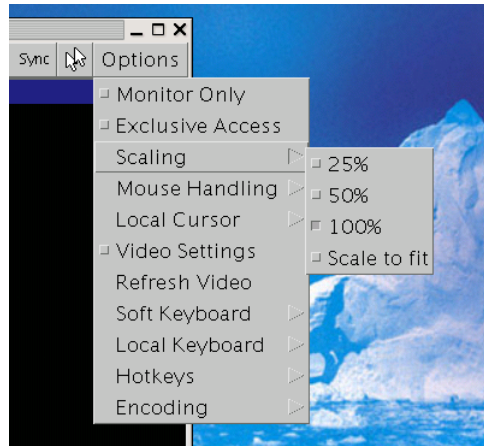


Figure 5-7. Remote Console Options Menu: Scaling

### Mouse Handling

The submenu for mouse handling offers two options for synchronizing the local and the remote mouse pointer as explained in the Section called *Mouse, Keyboard and Video configuration* in Chapter 4.

- Fast Sync

The fast synchronization is used to correct a temporary but fixed skew.

- Intelligent Sync

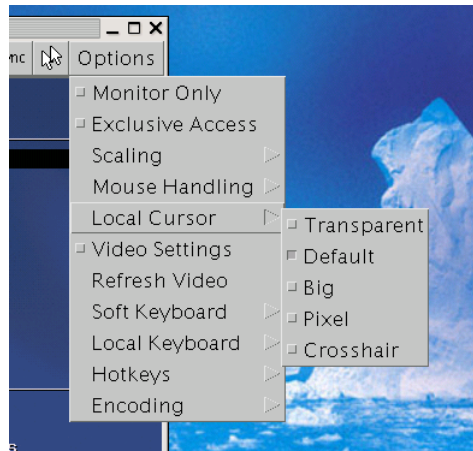
Use this option if the fast sync does not work or the mouse settings have been changed on the host system.

### Warning

This method takes more time than the fast one and requires a correctly adjusted picture. To setup the picture you may use either the auto adjustment function or the manual correction in the Video Settings panel .

### Local Cursor

Offers a list of different cursor shapes to choose from for the local mouse pointer. The selected shape will be saved for the current user and activated the next time this user opens the Remote Console. The number of available shapes depends on the Java Virtual Machine, a version of 1.2 or higher offers the full list.



**Figure 5-8. Remote Console Options Menu: Cursor**

### *Video Settings*

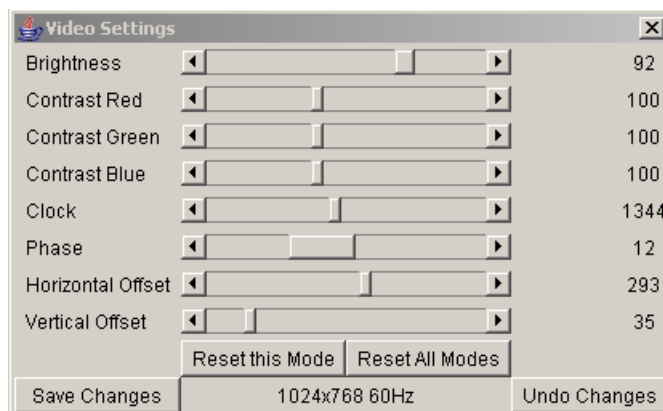
Opens a panel for changing the eRIC express video settings. The eRIC express features two different dialogs which influence the video settings.

#### Video Settings through the HTML Frontend

Select this option to enable local video port. This option decides if the local video output of the eRIC express is active and passing through the incoming signal from the host system.

The option Noise Filter defines how the eRIC express reacts to small changes in the video input signal. A large filter setting needs less network traffic and leads to a faster video display but small changes in some display regions may not be recognized immediately. A small filter displays all changes instantly but may lead to a constant amount of network traffic even if display content is not really changing (depending on the quality of the video input signal). All in all the default setting should be suitable for most situations.

#### Video Settings through the remote console



**Figure 5-9. Video Settings Panel**

Brightness

Controls the brightness of the picture.

Contrast

Controls the contrast of the picture.

Clock

Defines the horizontal frequency for a video line and depends on the video mode. Different video card types may require different values here. The default settings in conjunction with the auto adjustment procedure should be adequate for all common configurations. To achieve a better picture quality you may try to change this setting together with the sampling phase.

Phase

Defines the phase for video sampling, used to control the display quality together with the setting for sampling clock.

Horizontal Position

Use the left and right buttons to move the picture in horizontal direction while this option is selected.

Vertical Position

Use the left and right buttons to move the picture in vertical direction while this option is selected.

Reset this Mode

Reset mode specific settings to the factory-made defaults.

Reset all Modes

Reset all settings to the factory-made defaults.

Save changes

Save changes permanently.

Undo Changes

Restore last settings.

*Refresh Video*

Use this option to refresh the video picture. The video data for the Remote Console is updated completely.

On startup of the Remote Console, the eRIC express transmits the entire video picture from the remote host. Subsequently, the parts of the video picture that did not change are filtered and not transmitted, again. This leads to less video data to be transmitted. It may happen that there are parts of the video picture that are not updated correctly (video noise, compression errors). You may use this option to initiate an entire refresh, manually.

*Soft Keyboard*

The Soft Keyboard simulates an entire keyboard that is connected to the remote system. It is necessary in case your remote system runs with a completely different language and country mapping than your administration machine. By selecting the according button(s) you can send key codes and also key sequences to the remote sys-



tem and act as if you would work with a keyboard that is directly connected to the remote system.

In order to open the Soft Keyboard select the entry “Soft Keyboard” from the Options menu. You can send single key strokes like **F** as well as combinations of keys such as **Ctrl+C** or **AltGr+Shift+F4**.

For a single key stroke you can click on the button with the according character. Single keys such as regular characters and numbers are sent immediately. Special keys like **Ctrl**, **Shift** as well as the function keys **F1** to **F12** have to be selected twice. The first press sends the signal “key is pressed”, the second press indicated the signal “key is released” to the remote system. After the first press the button will change its color to signalize that the according key is pressed, currently. After the second press the button will appear as usual and signalize that the key was sent.

To send the key combination **Ctrl+C** select the button **Ctrl** first. The button will change its color. Press the button **C**. The following key (**C** in our example) will be combined with the previously selected key. Both the buttons **Ctrl** and **C** are released and the key combination will be sent to the remote system. The button **Ctrl** will appear as normal (color change).

In order to send the key combination **Ctrl+F5** three steps have to be done. Select the button **Ctrl** once and the button **F5** twice. The last press will release both buttons and send the key combination to the remote system.

In order to send the key combination **AltGr+Shift+F4** four steps are required. First, select the button **AltGr** once. Second, select the button **Shift**. Finally, choose the button **F4** twice. The last press will release all the buttons and send the key combination to the remote system.

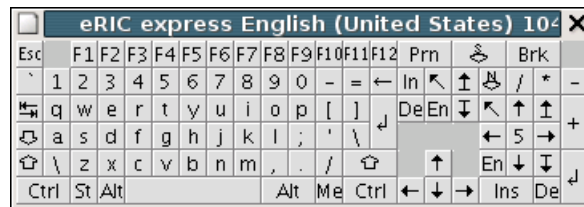
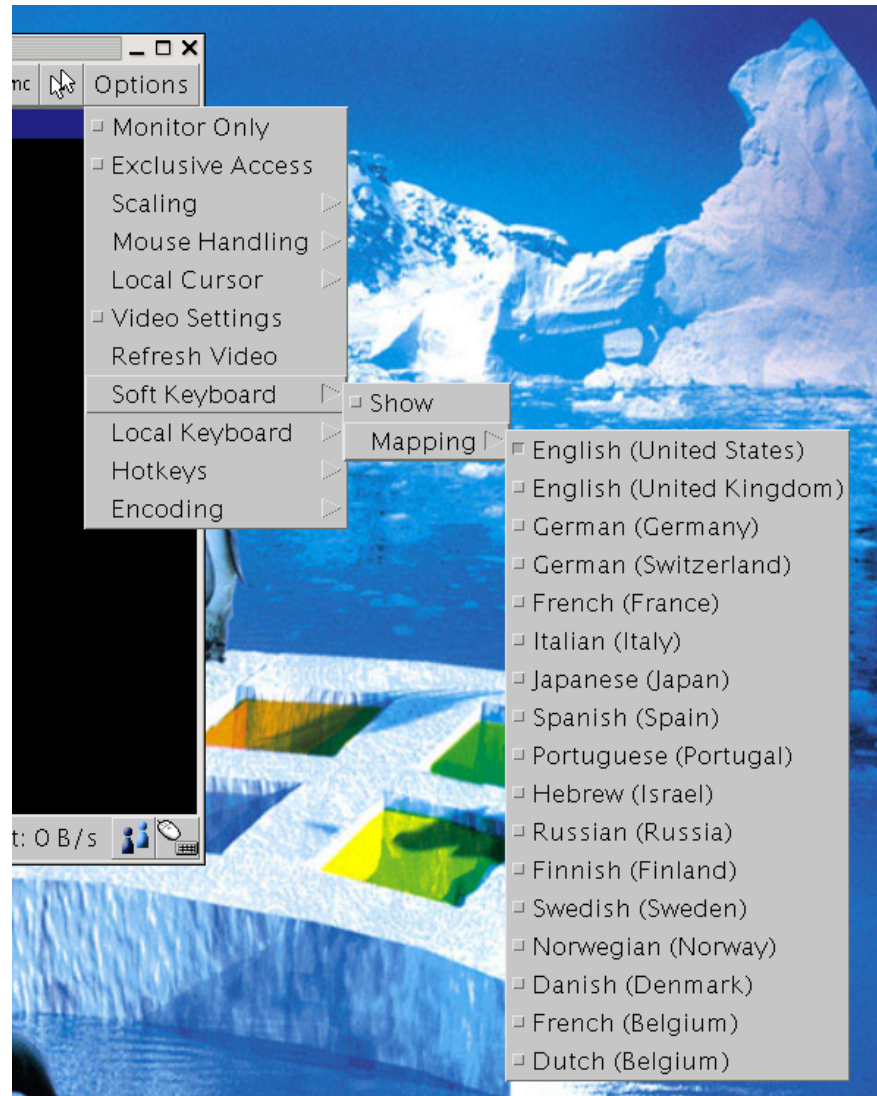


Figure 5-10. Soft Keyboard

- Show  
Displays the Soft Keyboard.
- Mapping  
Used for choosing the according language and country mapping of the Soft Keyboard.



**Figure 5-11. Soft Keyboard Mapping**

### *Local Keyboard*

Used to change the language mapping of your browser machine running the Remote Console Applet. Normally, the applet determines the correct value automatically. However, depending on your particular JVM and your browser settings this is not always possible. A typical example is a German localized system that uses a US-English keyboard mapping. In this case you have to change the Local Keyboard setting to the right language manually.

### *Hotkeys*

Opens a list of hotkeys defined before. In order to send a registered command to the host system choose the according entry.

A confirmation dialog can be added that will be displayed before sending the selected command to the remote host. Choose “OK” to perform the command on the remote host. For a detailed description see the Section called *Remote Console Button Keys* in Chapter 6.



Figure 5-12. Remote Console Confirmation Dialog

### Encoding

These options are used to adjust the encoding level in terms of compression and color depth. They are only available unless “Transmission Encoding” is determined automatically (see the Section called *Transmission Encoding* in Chapter 6).

- Compression level

You may select an value between 1 and 9 for the desired compression level with level 1 enabling the fastest compression and level 9 the best compression. The most suitable compression level should always be seen as a compromise between the network bandwidth that is available, on your video picture to be transferred, and on the number of changes between two single video pictures. We recommend to use a higher compression level if the network bandwidth is low. The higher the compression level the more time is necessary to both pack or unpack the video data on either side of the connection. The compression quality depends on the video picture itself, e.g. the number of the colors or the diversity of pixels. The lower the compression quality, the more data have to be sent and the longer it may take to transfer the whole video picture.

If level 0 is chosen the video compression is disabled, completely.

The option “Video Optimized” has its advantages if transferring high-quality motion pictures. In this case the video compression is disabled, completely and all video data is transferred via network as full-quality video snippets. Therefore, a high amount of bandwidth is required to ensure the quality of the video picture.

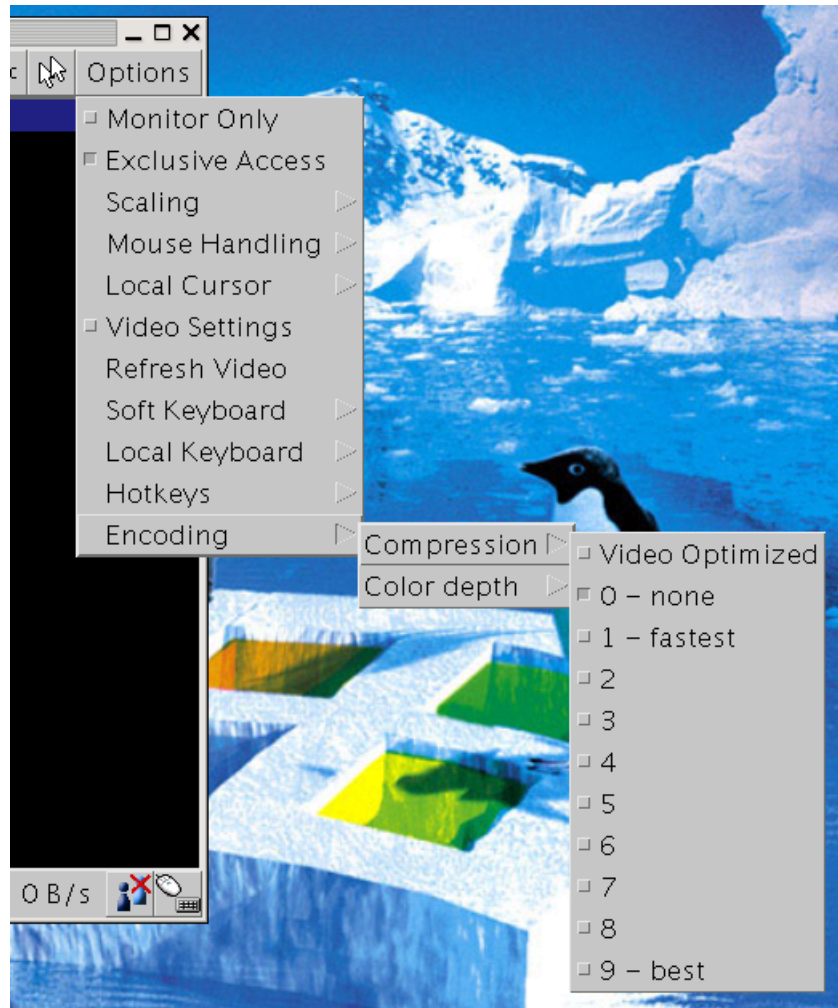
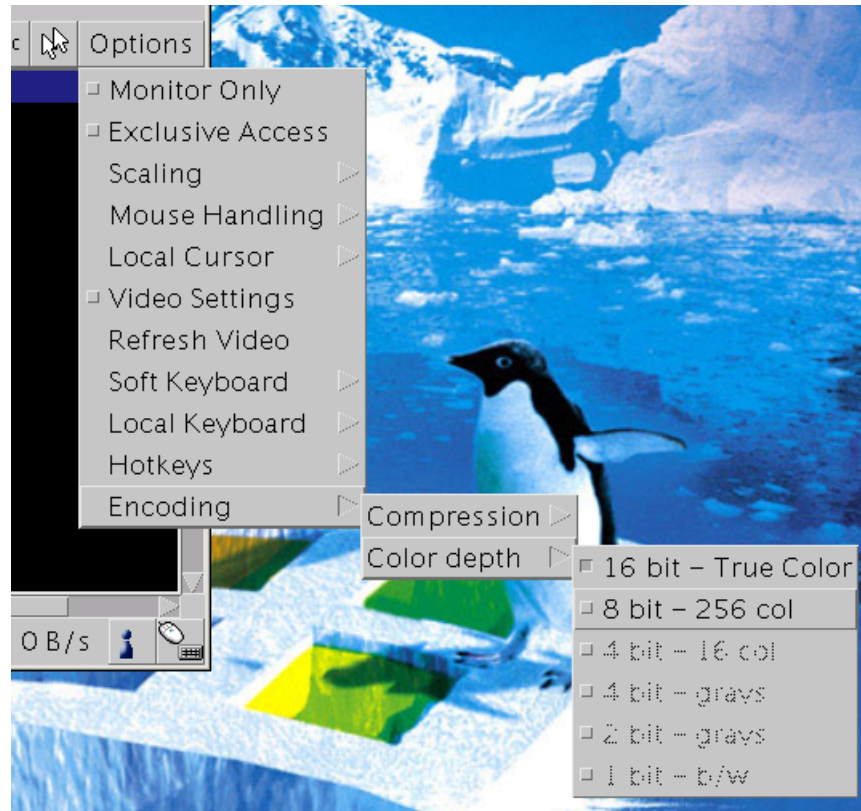


Figure 5-13. Remote Console Options: Encoding compression

- Color depth

Set the desired color depth. You may select between 8 or 16 bit for Video Optimized/compression level 0, or between 1 and 8 bit for compression level 1 to 9. The higher the color depth, the more video information has to be captured and to be transferred.



**Figure 5-14. Remote Console Options: Color Depth**

**Note:** If displaying motion pictures on a connection with low speed you may achieve an improvement regarding the video transfer rate by lowering the color depth and disabling the option “Video Optimized”. As a general result, the data rate is reduced (less bits per color). Furthermore, the eRIC express will not have to do any video compression. In total, this will lead to less transfer time of the motion picture.

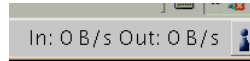
### Remote Console Status Line

The status line shows both console and the connection state. On the left the size of the remote screen is displayed. Figure 5-15 was taken from a Remote Console with a resolution of 800x600 pixels (see Appendix C for a list of screen resolutions that can be displayed using the eRIC express). The value in brackets describes the connection to the Remote Console. “Norm” means a standard connection without encryption, “SSL” indicates a secure connection using Secure Socket Layer (SSL).



**Figure 5-15. Status line**





The status line displays the number of frame buffer updates (“Fps”) as well as the incoming (“In:”) and the outgoing (“Out:”) network traffic in kilobyte per second. A low value of the network traffic is recommended and can be achieved as described in the Section called *Optimizing the Video Picture*. If compressed encoding is enabled, a value in brackets displays the compressed transfer rate.



**Figure 5-16. Status line transfer rate**



The next button displays the Remote Console Access settings.

**Table 5-3. Buttons displaying the access state**

	One single user is connected to the Remote Console of the eRIC express.
	One or more users are connected to the Remote Console of the eRIC express.
	Exclusive access is set for you. Any other user may not access the remote host via Remote Console unless you disable this option.
	A remote user has exclusive access. You may not access the remote host via Remote Console unless the other user disables this option.

The outer right button displays the state of the Monitor Only settings.

**Table 5-4. Buttons displaying the Monitor Only state**

	The option Monitor Only is disabled.
	The option Monitor Only is enabled.

For more information about Monitor Only and Exclusive Access settings see the according paragraphs in the Section called *Remote Console Control Bar*.

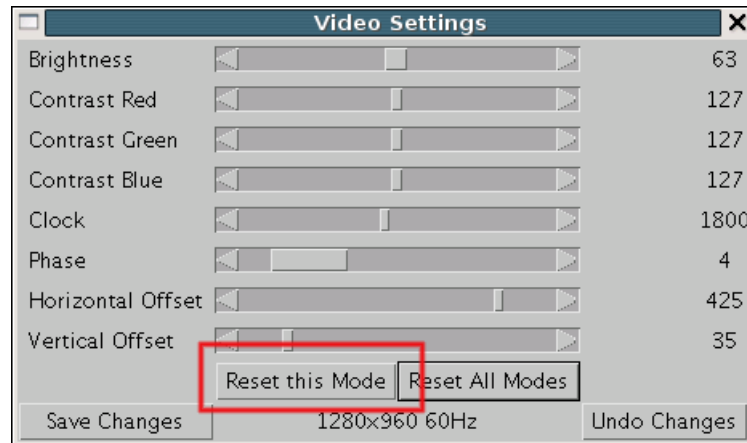
## Optimizing the Video Picture

To achieve an optimal video picture for the Remote Console you may follow the steps as given here:

1. Press the Auto Adjust button once (see the Section called *Remote Console Control Bar* for details).



2. Choose the option “Video Settings” from the Options Menu of the Remote Console. Press the button “Reset this Mode”.



**Figure 5-17. Remote Console Video Settings: Reset this Mode**

3. Again, press the Auto Adjust button once.
4. The eRIC express detects the video mode with 8 bits (256 colors) automatically. To improve the picture quality you may select 16 bit (True Color) from the Options Menu of the Remote Console, sub menu “Encoding”, entry “Color Depth” (see the Section called *Encoding* for details).
5. Finally, if the the Remote Console transfer rate is too high you may do an adjustment using the Noise filter. The higher the filter level the more information is filtered from the transferred video picture (see the Section called *Video* in Chapter 6 for details) and the data rate is reduced.

Currently, the video picture with the best quality can be achieved with the settings “16 bit (High Color)” in the Remote Console or “LAN (High Colour)” in the web frontend. This option can also be preset in the Section called *User Console* in Chapter 6.

The sub menu “Compression” from the Options menu has no influence on the picture quality but on the data rate of the picture that is transferred to the Remote Console.

## Reducing the Noise of the Video Picture

To reduce the noise from the video picture for the Remote Console you may adjust the Noise filter. Prior to that we recommend to optimize the video picture as described in the Section called *Optimizing the Video Picture*.

In most cases the rate of transferred data indicates the noise level. The higher the transfer rate, the higher the noise of the video picture. You may do an adjustment using the Noise filter. The higher the filter level the more information is filtered from the transferred video picture (see the Section called *Video* in Chapter 6 for details) and the data rate is reduced.

## Using the eRIC express with low bandwidth

The network connection of the eRIC express has an important influence on the time between two single video pictures. On a connection with low bandwidth it takes longer to transfer the video data from the eRIC express to the Remote Console on the local host. If the remote screen has changed a new picture is sent.

In terms of transfer time there is no difference between text screens and screens in graphics mode. The video picture is taken as graphics data no matter what the screen looks like and which video mode is chosen.

In terms of transferred data there can be an improvement. The compression plays an important role here. You can choose a compression level from the sub menu "Compression" in the Options menu of the Remote Console.

Please note that the video will be compressed on the eRIC express, transferred to the Remote Console and unpacked in a Java environment. Depending on the remote host and on the local machine this procedure may take some time and may result in an slowly updated picture in the Remote Console.

To improve the speed you may also set the picture quality in the Remote Console to either "8 bit" or even to grayscale. Due to less video data to be processed this is likely to be more effective than the highest compression level.



## Chapter 6. Menu Options

### Remote Control

#### KVM Console

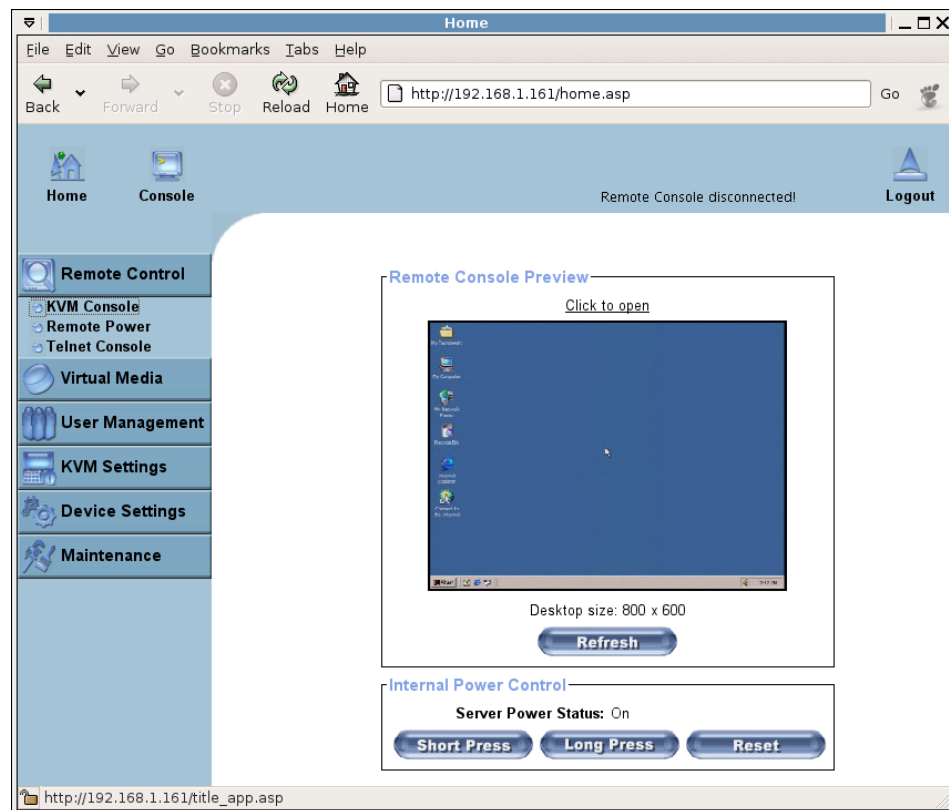


Figure 6-1. KVM Console

#### Remote Console Preview

To open the KVM console either click on the menu entry on the left or on the console picture on the right. To refresh the picture click on the button that is named "Refresh".

#### Remote Power

Use the "Remote Power" page to control the host system's power status via one of the following methods:

- Internal power control via ATX wires
- Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI)
- "IPM 220-L" external power switch

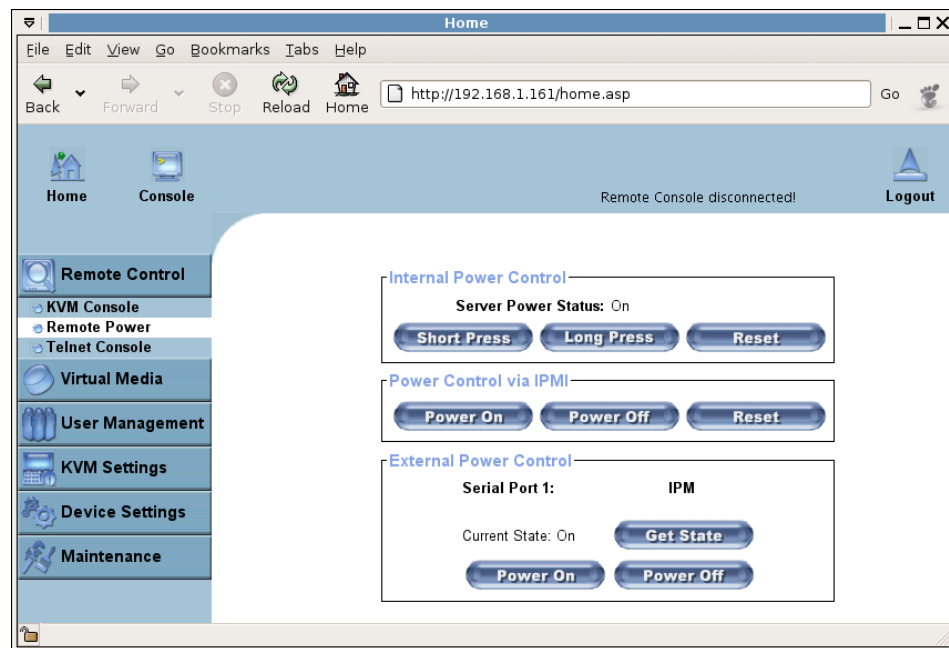


Figure 6-2. eRIC express Power Buttons

### Internal power control via ATX wires

The power button is the representation of the ATX power button on your host system. It is used to switch on and off the power supply. The ATX power button knows two operation modes: pressing it shortly and pressing it for about 4 seconds.

#### Short Press

A short press on the ATX button is normally caught by the running operating system that tries to initiate a controlled shutdown.

Usually this should always be the first action you try in case you would like to power off your system. Only in case this is not working you should try the long press button.

Please note that after you have pressed this button the power state displayed in the administration panel will not immediately reflect the requested change. A controlled shut down of the system may take some minutes. You can observe the action caused by your button press using the Remote Console window or by reloading the Server Power Control panel.

#### Long Press

This will unconditionally power off the system. Even if you have submitted a short press before, this will shut down the power supply of the host system.

The effect of the long button press can be immediately observed on the panel that is loaded into the browser because of the button press. The power state will be off.

**Reset**

Pressing this button is similar to pressing the reset button directly on the remote system. Be aware that pressing the reset button will result in an unconditional and immediate cold start of the system. This might damage open files and the file system itself.

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Warning</b></p> <p>The prerequisite for the remote power/reset button to work is a correct installation of the eRIC express.</p>
--

**Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI)**

The eRIC express is capable of controlling the power status of an IPMI-enabled host system. See the Section called *Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI)* for configuration instructions.

If the eRIC express is configured to act as an IPMI client the Remote Power Control page will show three buttons:

**Power On**

Sends an IPMI “Power On” command to the Baseboard Management Controller (BMC).

**Power Off**

Sends an IPMI “Power Off” command to the BMC.

**Reset**

Sends an IPMI “Hard Reset” command to the BMC.

**“IPM 220-L” external power switch**

The “IPM 220-L” Inline Power Module is a serial-controlled power switch that is installed between the host system’s main power cord and the electrical outlet. It is used to power-cycle the system to recover from a hard lock-up, i.e. if the system is no longer responding to network connections or keyboard input.

If the eRIC express’s serial port (see the Section called *Serial Settings*) is configured to control an “IPM 220-L” the web interface will show three buttons:

**Power On**

Switch the host system’s main power on.

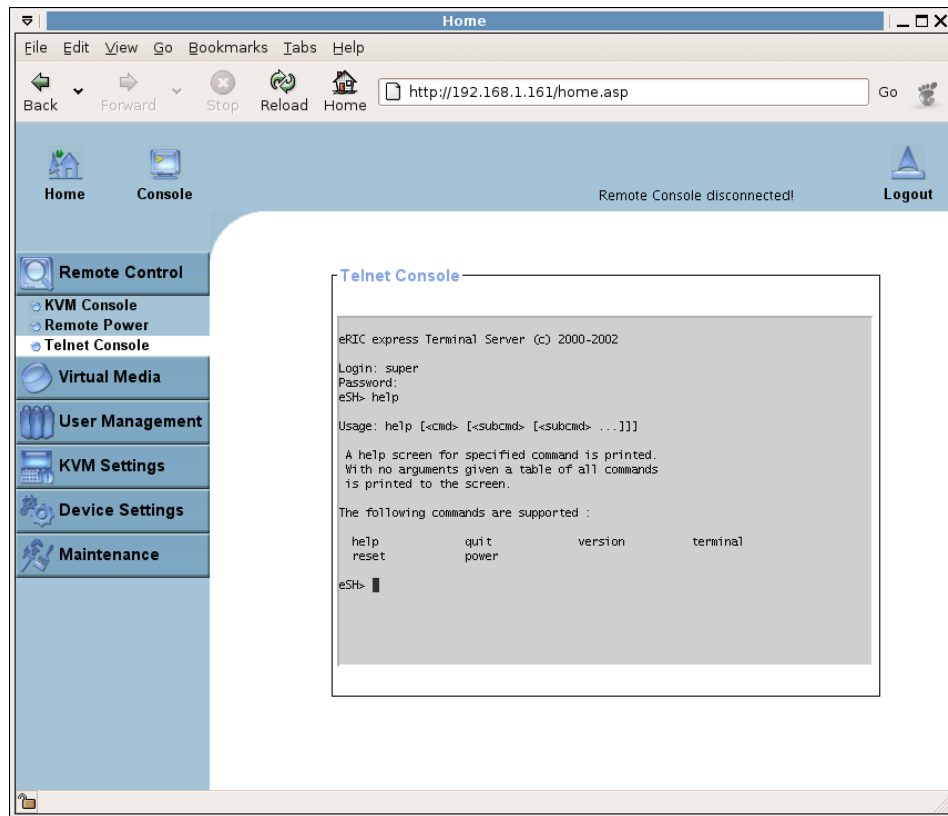
**Power Off**

Switch the host system’s main power off.

**Get State**

Refresh the power status indicator.

## Telnet Console



**Figure 6-3. Telnet Console**

The eRIC express firmware features a Telnet gateway that enables a user to connect to the eRIC express via a standard Telnet client.

For connecting to the eRIC express via Telnet protocol you may use a terminal program such as `xterm`, `TeraTerm` or `Putty`. As an alternative you may also enter the `telnet` command on the command line or use the “Run” dialog from the Windows Start Menu. As an example you may type the following sequence:

```
telnet 192.168.1.22
```

Replace the IP address by the one that is actually assigned to the eRIC express. This will prompt for user name and password in order to log into the device. The credentials that need to be entered for authentication are identical to those of the web interface. That means the user management of the Telnet interface is entirely controlled with the according functions of the web interface.

Once you have successfully logged into the eRIC express a command line will be presented and you can enter the according management commands.

In general, the Telnet interface supports two operation modes: the command line mode and the terminal mode. The command line mode is used to control or display some parameters. In terminal mode the pass-through access to serial port 1 is activated (if the serial settings were made accordingly). All inputs are redirected to the device on serial port #1 and its answers are displayed on the Telnet interface.

The following list shows the command syntax and their usage.

help

Displays the list of possible commands

quit

Exits the current session and disconnects from the client

version

Displays the release information

power [on | off [short | long]]

The host is powered on or off. If no new power state is given, the current state will be displayed. The given attribute (either short or long) will determine the ATX duration. The default value is short.

reset [host | card]

Resets the given target, the host system or the eRIC express card. If no reset target is given it defaults to "host". Note that resetting the eRIC express results in disconnecting every client. This includes also the client the reset command was sent from.

terminal

Starts the terminal pass-through mode for serial port #1. The key sequence `esc` `exit` switches back to the command mode. The command has an optional parameter (1 or 2) to select the desired serial port for pass-through access.

## Virtual Media

### Floppy Disk

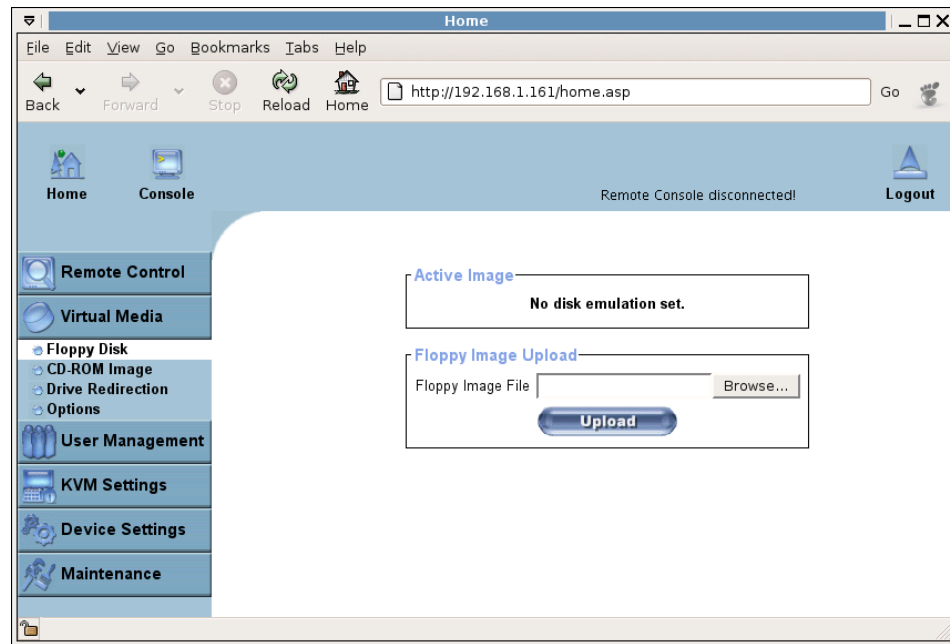


Figure 6-4. Virtual Floppy Area

### Upload a Floppy Image

Within two small steps working on the basis of a certain (floppy) image can be achieved.

- First the path of the image has to be specified. You can do that either by hand or by using the file selection dialog of your web browser. To open the file selection dialog click on the button “Browse” and select the desired image file.



Figure 6-5. Select Image File

The maximum image size is limited to 1.44MB. To use a larger image mount this image via Windows Share (or SAMBA) (see the Section called *Use Image on Windows Share (SAMBA)* for details).

- Secondly, click on the button “Upload” to initiate the transfer of the chosen image file into the eRIC express’s on-board memory. This image file is kept in the on-board memory of the eRIC express until the end of the current session, until you logged out or initiated a reboot of the eRIC express.

## Download a Floppy Image

A floppy image kept in the eRIC express’s memory can be both read and written to. To retrieve the changed image contents after writing to it click the “Download” button and select a folder to store the file in.



Figure 6-6. Active Image File

## CD ROM

### Use Image on Windows Share (SAMBA)

To include an image from a Windows share select “CD-ROM” from the submenu.

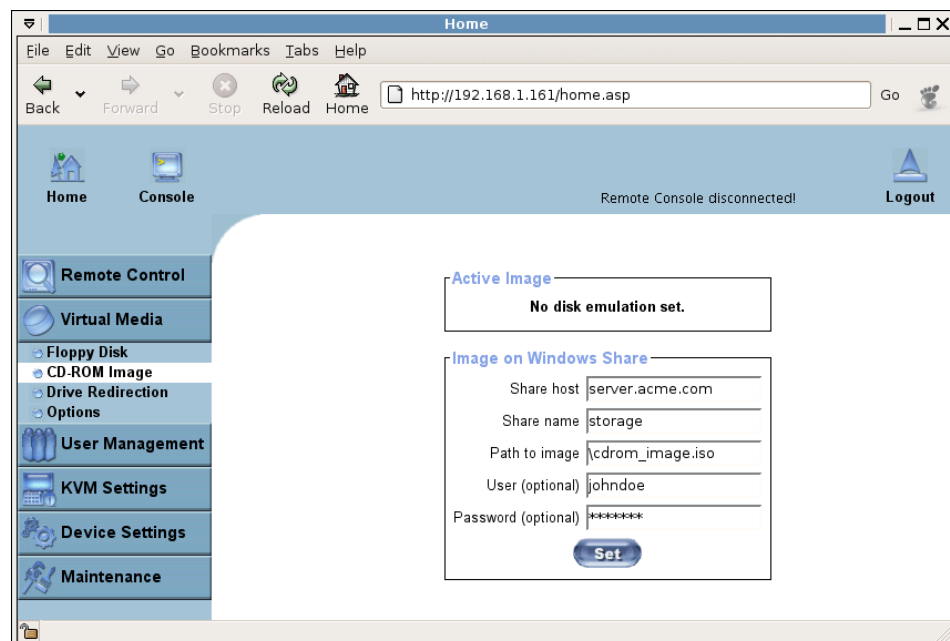


Figure 6-7. Selecting CD ROM and Windows Share

The following information has to be given to mount the selected image properly:

Share host

The server name or its IP address. On Windows 95, 98 and Windows ME do not specify the IP address but the server name ("NetBIOS Name").

Share name

The name of the share to be used.

Path to image

The path of the image file on the share.

User (optional)

If necessary, specify the user name for the share named before. If unspecified and a guest account is activated, this guest account information will be used as your login.

Password (optional)

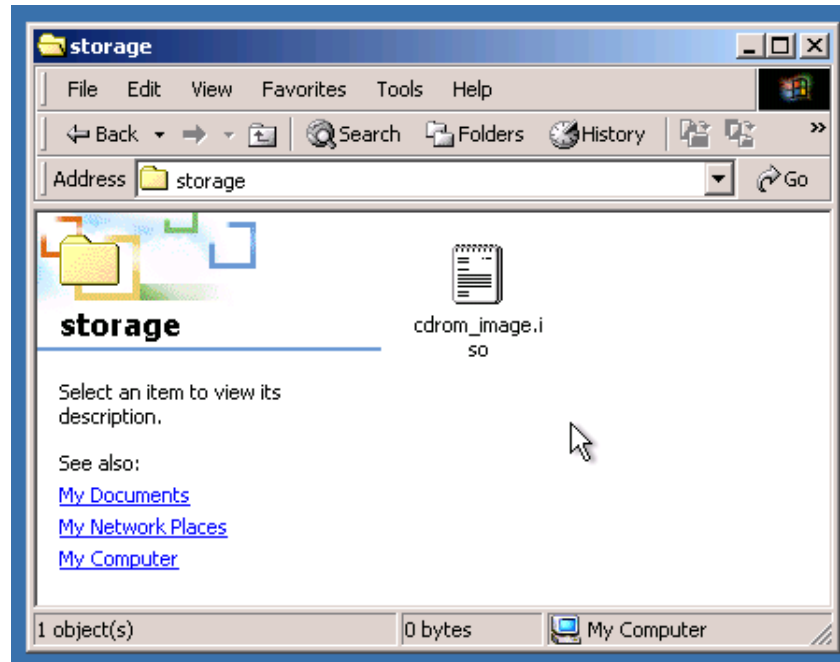
If necessary, specify the password for the given user name.

For an example you may have a look on Figure 6-7. First, the eRIC express will look for a server named `mysql.acme.com`. Then, the entered share name is selected (in our example we use the share `storage`) and the image file `\cdrom_image.iso` is opened. If this file can only be accessed with both an user name and password enter the according values in the input fields for user name and password. In our case the file is owned by the user "johndoe" and protected by an user-specific pass-phrase (displayed as a number of stars).

To register the specified file image and its location click on the button "Set".

The specified image file is supposed to be accessible from the eRIC express. The information above has to be given from the point of view of the eRIC express. It is important to specify correct IP addresses and device names. Otherwise, the eRIC express may not be able to access the referenced image file properly, leave the given file unmounted and will display an according error message, instead. So, we recommend to state correct values and repeat this step if necessary.





**Figure 6-8. The image file on the share**

Furthermore, the specified share has to be configured correctly. Therefore, administrative permissions are required. As a regular user you may not have these permissions. You should either login as a system administrator (or as “root” on UNIX systems) or ask your system administrator for help to complete this task.

#### Windows 2000/XP

Open the Explorer, navigate to the directory (or share) and press the right mouse button to open the context menu. Select “Sharing” to open the configuration dialog (see Figure 6-9).

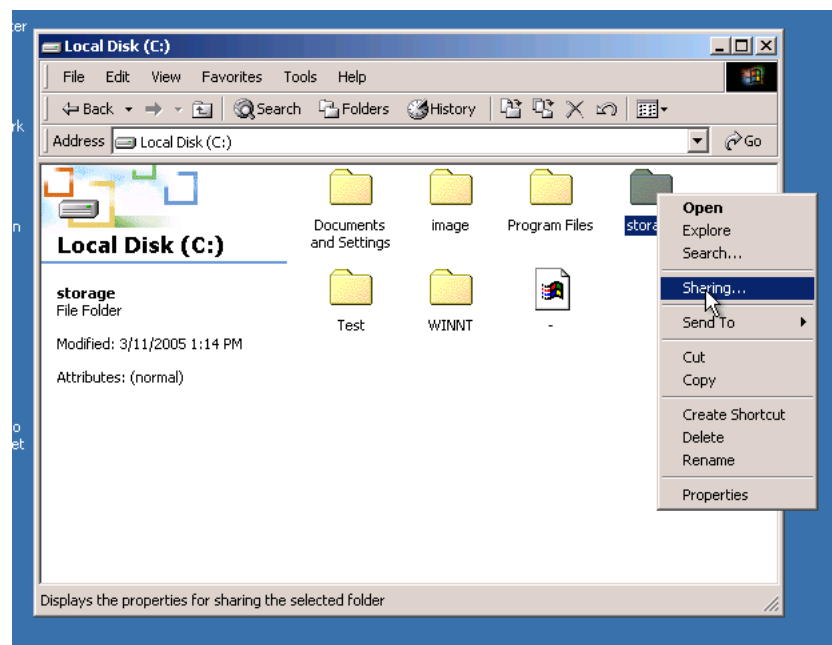


Figure 6-9. Explorer Context Menu

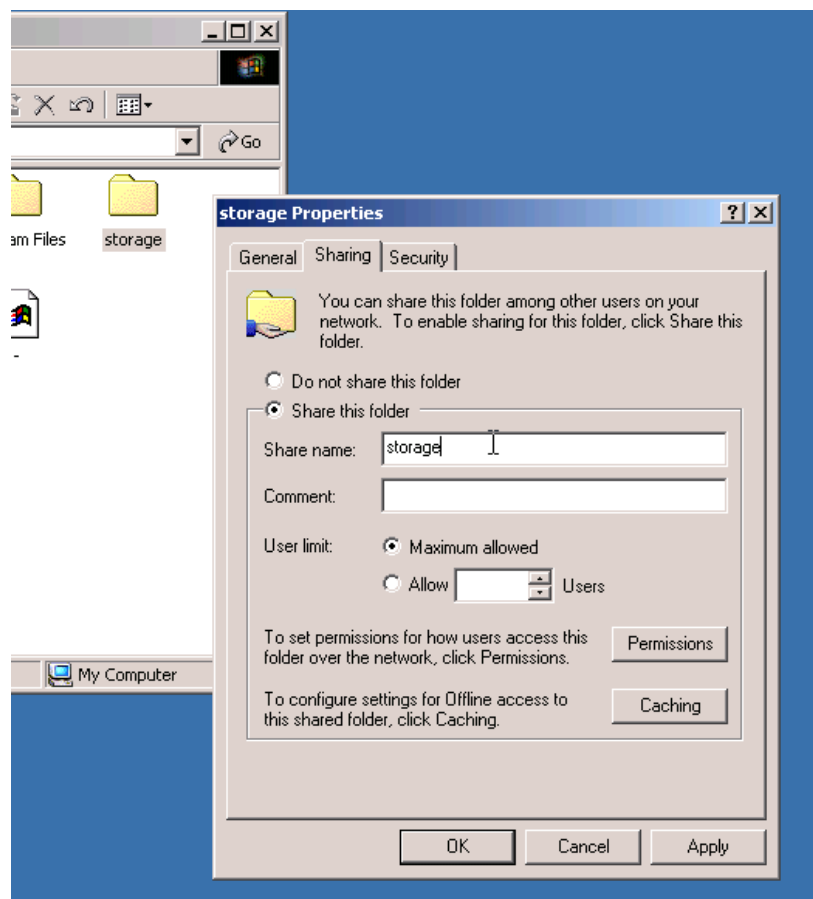


Figure 6-10. Share configuration dialog

Adjust the settings for the selected directory.

- Activate the selected directory as a share. Select “Share this folder”.
- Choose an appropriate name for the share. You may also add a short description for this folder (input field “Comment”).
- If necessary, adjust the permissions (button “permissions”).
- Click “OK” to set the options for this share.

#### UNIX and UNIX-like OS (UNIX, Solaris, Linux)

If you like to access the share via SAMBA, SAMBA has to be set up properly. You may either edit the SAMBA configuration file `/etc/samba/smb.conf` or use the Samba Web Administration Tool (SWAT) or WebMin to set the correct parameters.

For additional options see the Section called *Options* for details.

## Drive Redirection

The Drive Redirection is another possibility to use a virtual disc drive on the remote computer. With Drive Redirection you do not have to use an image file but may work with a drive from your local computer on the remote machine. The drive is hereby shared over a TCP network connection. Devices such as floppy drives, hard discs, CD ROMs and other removable devices like USB sticks can be redirected. It is even possible to enable a write support so that for the remote machine it is possible to write data to your local disc.

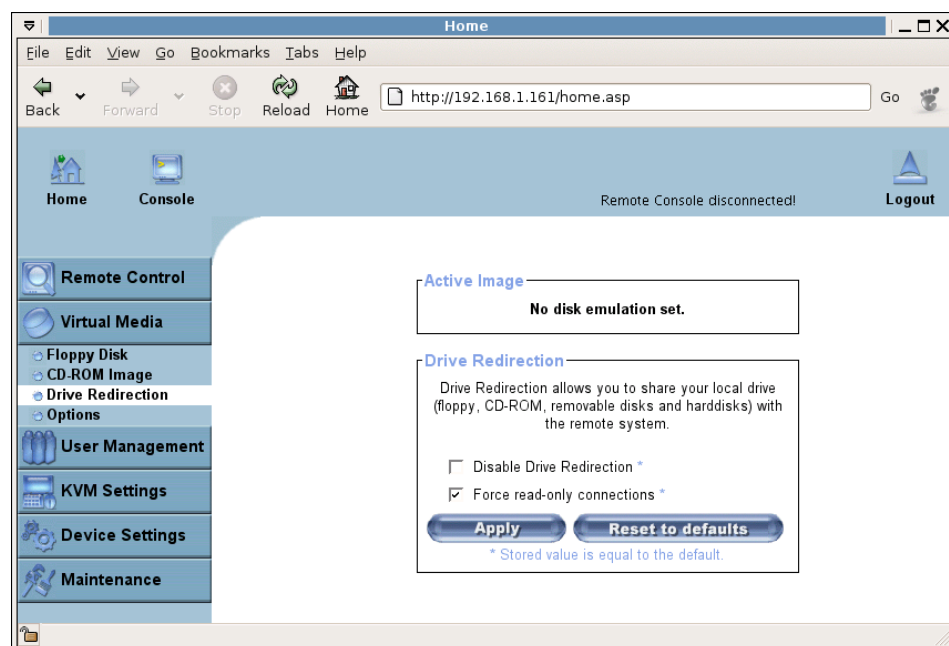


Figure 6-11. Drive Redirection

Please note that Drive Redirection works on a level which is far below the operating system. That means that neither the local nor the remote operating system is aware that the drive is currently redirected, actually. This may lead to inconsistent data as soon as one of the operating systems (either from the local machine, or from the remote host) is writing data on the device. If write support is enabled the remote computer might damage the data and the file system on the redirected device. On the other hand, if the local operating system writes data to the redirected device the drive cache of the operating system of the remote host might contain older data. This may confuse the remote host's operating system. We recommend to use the Drive Redirection with care, especially the write support.

### **Drive Redirection Options**

As shown in Figure 6-11 the following options may be enabled:

Disable Drive Redirection

If enabled the Drive Redirection is switched off.

Force read-only connections

If enabled the Write Support for the Drive Redirection is switched off. It is not possible to write on a redirected device.

Click "Apply" to submit your changes.

### **Software Requirements**

To use this feature, you have to install the Drive Redirection software that is currently only available for Microsoft Windows. This software can be found on the product CD ROM.

## Configuration



**Figure 6-12. Main View**

Specify the parameters of the network connection (see Figure 6-12).

### Device

This is the address (either the DNS name or the IP address) of the eRIC express you would like to connect to.

### Port

This is the network port. By default, eRIC express uses the remote console port (#443) here. You may change this value if you have changed the remote console port in your eRIC express's network settings.

### Secure Connection

Enable this box to establish a secure connection via SSL. This will maximize the security but may reduce the connection speed.

## Drive Selection

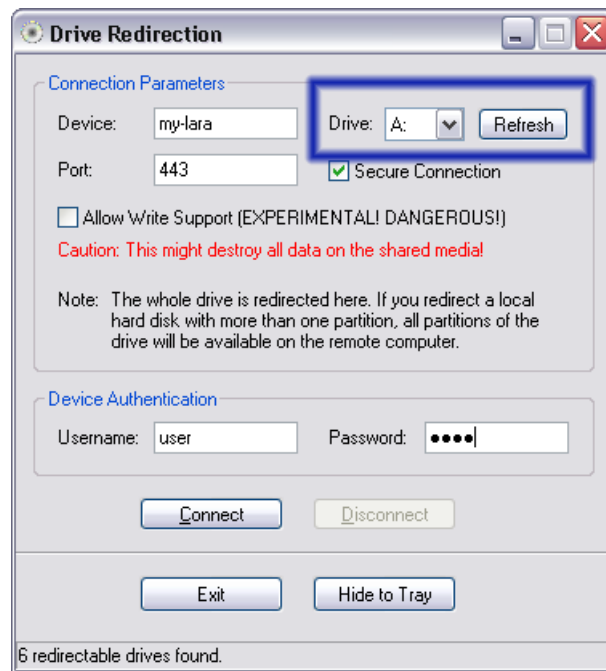
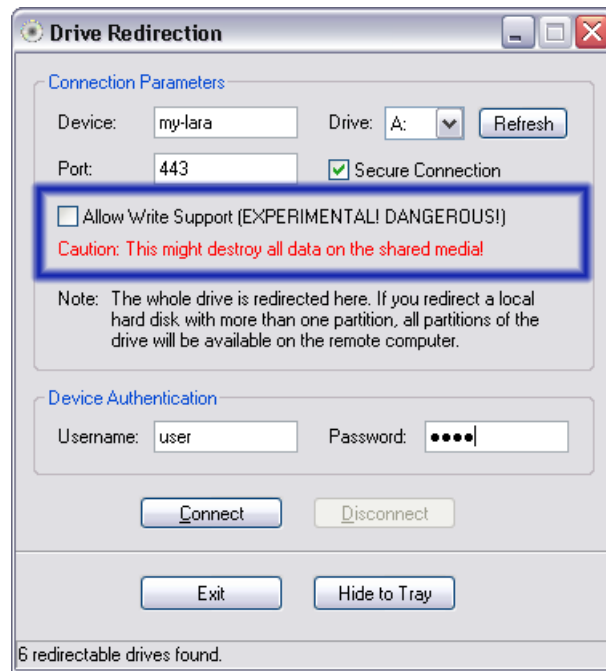


Figure 6-13. Selecting the desired drive

Select the drive you would like to redirect. All available devices (drive letters) are shown here. Please note that the whole drive is shared with the remote computer, not only one partition. If you have a hard disc with more than one partition all drive letters that belong to this disc will be redirected.

The Refresh button may be used to regenerate the list of drive letters, especially for an USB stick.

## Write Support



**Figure 6-14. Selecting write support**

This feature may be enabled here. Write support means that the remote computer is allowed to write on your local drive. As you can imagine, this is very dangerous. If both the remote and the local system try to write data on the same device, this will certainly destroy the file system on the drive. Please use this only when you exactly know what you are doing.

## Device Authentication

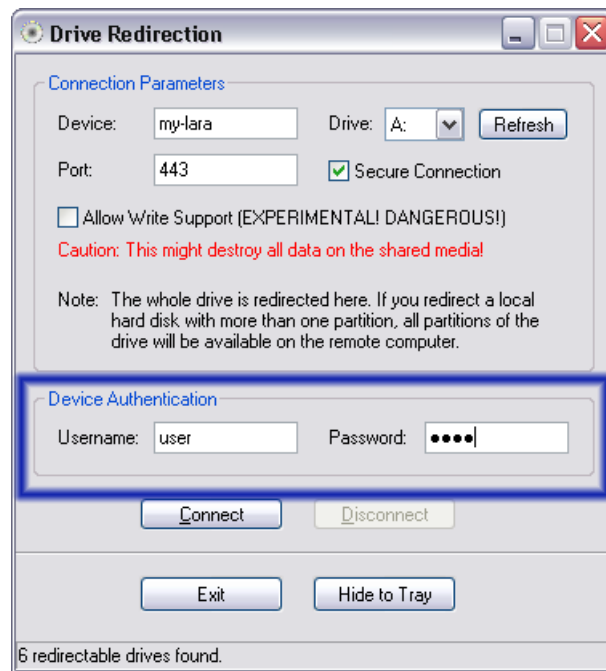


Figure 6-15. Device Authentication

To use the Drive Redirection, you have to authenticate on the eRIC express using a valid username and password. A permission to change the virtual disc configuration is necessary .

## Navigation Buttons

### Connect/Disconnect

To establish the drive redirection press the Connect button once. If all the settings are correct, the status bar displays that the connection has been established, the Connect button is disabled and the Disconnect button is enabled.

On an error, the status line shows the error message. The drive redirection software tries to lock the local drive before it is redirected. That means that it tries to prevent the local operating system from accessing the drive as long as it is redirected. This may also fail, especially if a file on the drive is currently open. In the case of a locking failure, you will be prompted if you want to establish the connection anyhow. This should not be a serious problem when the note above is respected. If the write support is enabled, a drive which is not locked might be damaged by the Drive Redirection.

With the Disconnect button, a connection via Drive Redirection connection is stopped.

### Exit/Hide

If the Exit button is pressed, the Drive Redirection software is closed. If a Drive Redirection connection is active, the connection will be closed before the application terminates.



Using the Hide to Tray button the application is hidden, but not terminated completely. That means that an active connection will be kept active until it is closed explicitly. You can access the software by its tray icon. The tray icon also shows whether a connection is established or not. A double click on the icon shows the application window, or with a right click you may access a small menu (see Figure 6-16).



Figure 6-16. Tray Info

## Options



Figure 6-17. USB mass storage option

Set this option to disable the mass storage emulation (and hide the virtual drive) as long as no image file is currently loaded. If unset and no file image will be found, it may happen that the host system will hang on boot due to changes in the boot order or the boot manager (LILO, GRUB). This case was reported for some Windows versions (2000, XP), other OS may not be fully excluded. This behaviour depends on the BIOS version used in that machine.

To set this option press the button “Apply”.

## Creating an Image

### Floppy Images

#### *UNIX and UNIX-like OS*

To create an image file make use of “dd”. This is one of the original UNIX utilities and is included in every UNIX-like OS (UNIX, Sun Solaris, Linux).

To create a floppy image file copy the contents of a floppy to a file. You can use the following command:

```
dd [ if=/dev/fd0 ] [ of=/tmp/floppy.image ]
```

dd reads the entire disc from the device `/dev/fd0` and saves the output in the specified output file `/tmp/floppy.image`. Adjust both parameters exactly to your needs (input device etc.)

### MS Windows

You can use the tool “RawWrite for Windows”.

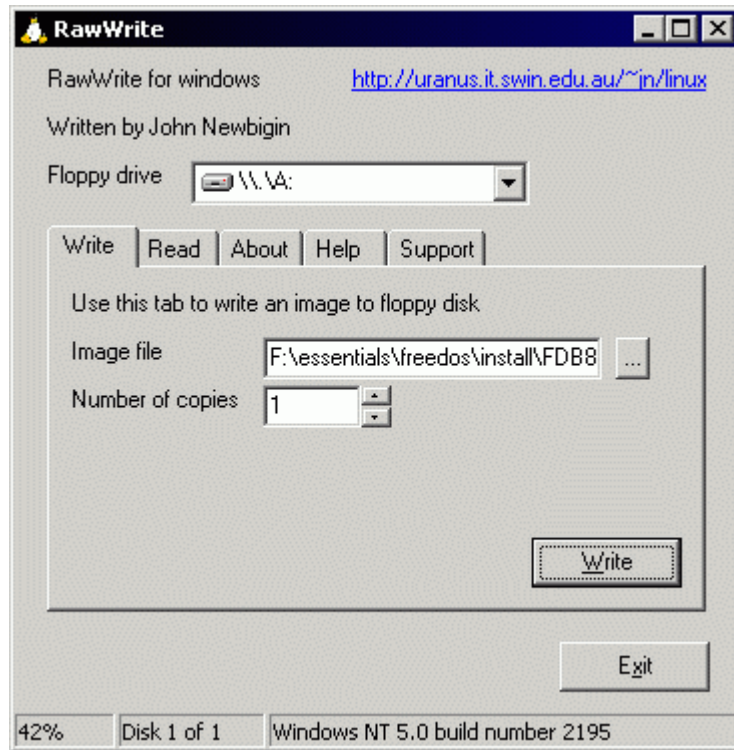


Figure 6-18. RawWrite for Windows selection dialog

Select the tab “Read” from the menu. Enter (or choose) the name of the file in which you would like to save the floppy content. Click on the button “Copy” to initiate the image creation process.

For related tools you may have a look at the homepage of the fdos project (<http://www.fdos.org/ripcord/rawrite/>).

## CD ROM/ISO 9660 Images

### UNIX and UNIX-like OS

To create an image file make use of “dd”. This is one of the original UNIX utilities and is included in every UNIX-like OS (UNIX, Sun Solaris, Linux).

To create a CDROM image file copy the contents of the CDROM to a file. You can use the following command:

```
dd [ if=/dev/cdrom ][ of=/tmp/cdrom.image ]
```

dd reads the entire disc from the device `/dev/cdrom` and saves the output in the specified output file `/tmp/cdrom.image`. Adjust both parameters exactly to your needs (input device etc.).

### MS Windows

To create the image file use your favourite CD imaging tool. Copy the whole contents of the disc into one single ISO image file on your harddisk.

For example, with “Nero” you choose “Copy and Backup”. Then, navigate to the “Copy Disc” section. Select the CD ROM or DVD drive you would like to create an ISO image from. Specify the filename of the ISO image and save the CD ROM content in that file.



Figure 6-19. Nero selection dialog

## User Management

### Change Password

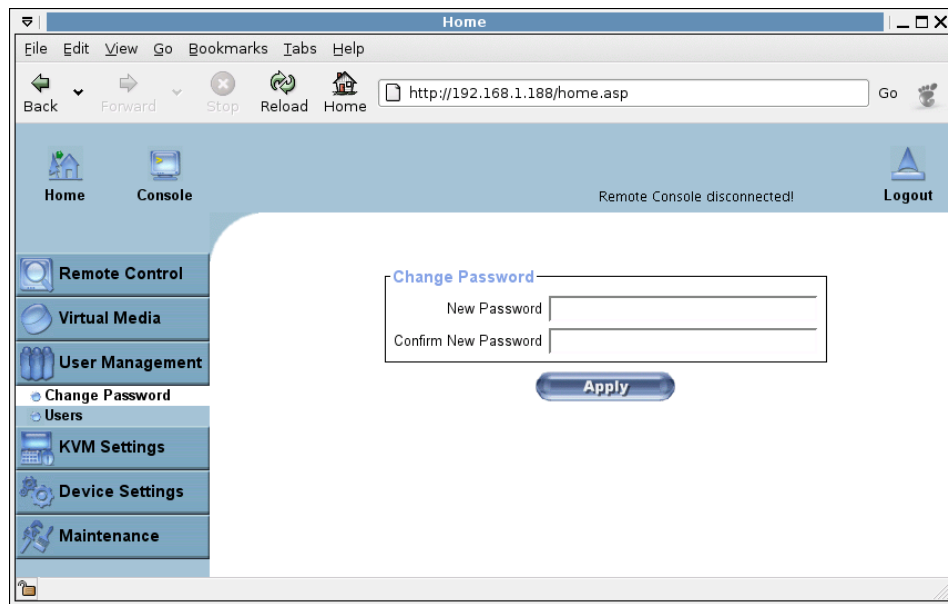


Figure 6-20. Set password

To change your password enter the new password in the upper entry field. Retype the password in the field below.

Click “Apply” to submit your changes.

## Users And Groups

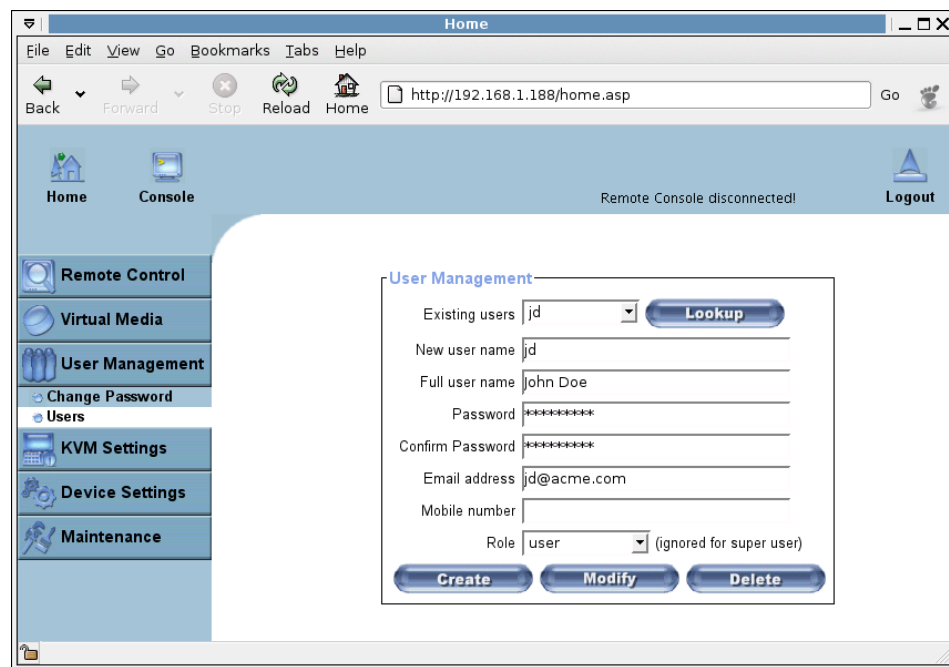


Figure 6-21. Set User

### User Management

The eRIC express comes with a pre-configured user account for the user “super” that has fixed permissions. This user has all possible rights to configure the device and to use all functions the eRIC express offers.

Upon delivery, the account for the user “super” has the password “pass”. Make sure to change the password immediately after you have installed and firstly accessed your eRIC express.

A full list of available options follows. This list can only be seen by the superuser.

#### Existing users

Select an existing user for modification. Once a user has been selected, click the lookup button to see the user information.

#### New User name

The new user name for the selected account.

#### Password

The password for the login name. It must be at least four characters long.

#### Confirm password

Confirmation of the password above.

#### Email address

This is optional.

#### Mobile number

This information may be optionally provided.

#### Role

Each user can be a member of a group (named a “role”) - either an administrator, or a regular user. Choose the desired role from the selection box.

To create a user press the button “Create”. The button “Modify” changes the displayed user settings. To delete a user press the button “Delete”.

**Note:** The eRIC express is equipped with an host-independent processor and memory unit which both have a limitation in terms of the processing instructions and memory space. To guarantee an acceptable response time we recommend not to exceed the number of 25 users connected to the eRIC express at the same time. The memory space that is available onto the eRIC express mainly depends on the configuration and the usage of the eRIC express (log file entries etc.). That’s why we recommend not to store more than 150 user profiles.

## KVM Settings

### User Console

The following settings are user specific. That means the super user can customize these settings for every users separately. Changing the settings for one user does not affect the settings for the other users.

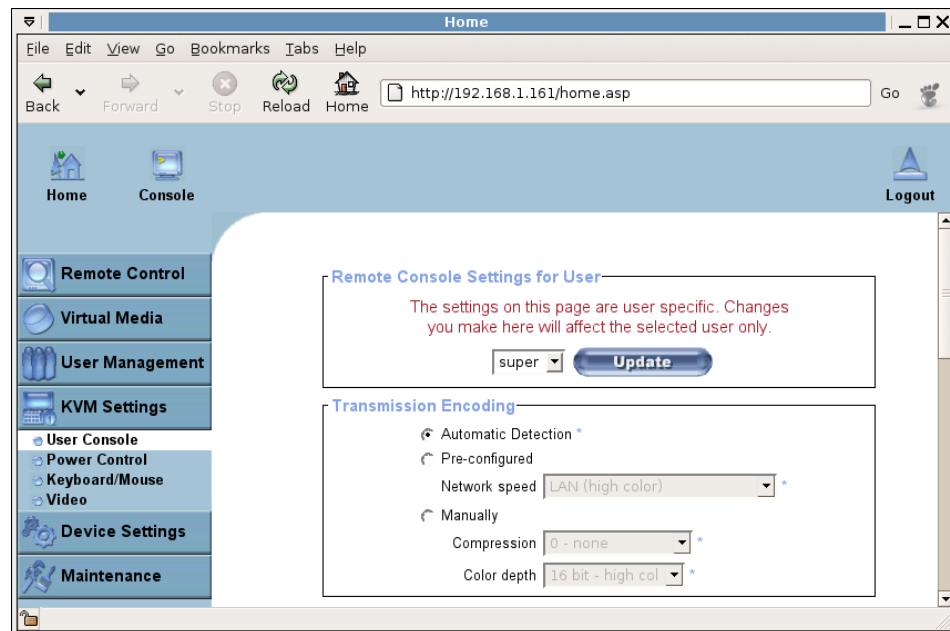


Figure 6-22. User Console Settings (Part 1)

## Remote Console Settings for User

This selection box displays the user ID for which the values are shown and for which the changes will take effect. Select the desired user from the selection box and press the button “Update”. This will result in displaying the according user settings below.

**Note:** You are allowed to change the settings of other users only if you have the necessary access rights for this task. For a regular user without the correct permissions it is not possible to change the settings for any other users.

## Transmission Encoding

The Transmission Encoding setting allows changing the image-encoding algorithm that is used to transmit the video data to the Remote Console window. It is possible to optimize the speed of the remote screen depending on the number of users working at the same time and the bandwidth of the connection line (Modem, ISDN, DSL, LAN, etc.).

### Automatic detection

The encoding and the compression level is determined automatically from the available bandwidth and the current content of the video image.

### Pre-configured

The pre-configured settings deliver the best result because of optimized adjustment of compression and color depth for the indicated network speed.

### Manually

Allows to adjust both compression rate and the color depth individually. Depending on the selected compression rate the data stream between the eRIC express and the Remote Console will be compressed in order to save bandwidth. Since high compression rates are very time consuming, they should not be used while several users are accessing the eRIC express simultaneously.

The standard color depth is 16 Bit (65536 colors). The other color depths are intended for slower network connections in order to allow a faster transmission of data. Therefore compression level 0 (no compression) uses only 16 Bit color depth. At lower bandwidths only 4 Bit (16 colors) and 2 Bit (4 gray scales) are recommended for typical desktop interfaces. Photo-like pictures have best results with 4 Bit (16 gray scales). 1 Bit color depth (black/white) should only be used for extremely slow network connections.

## Remote Console Type

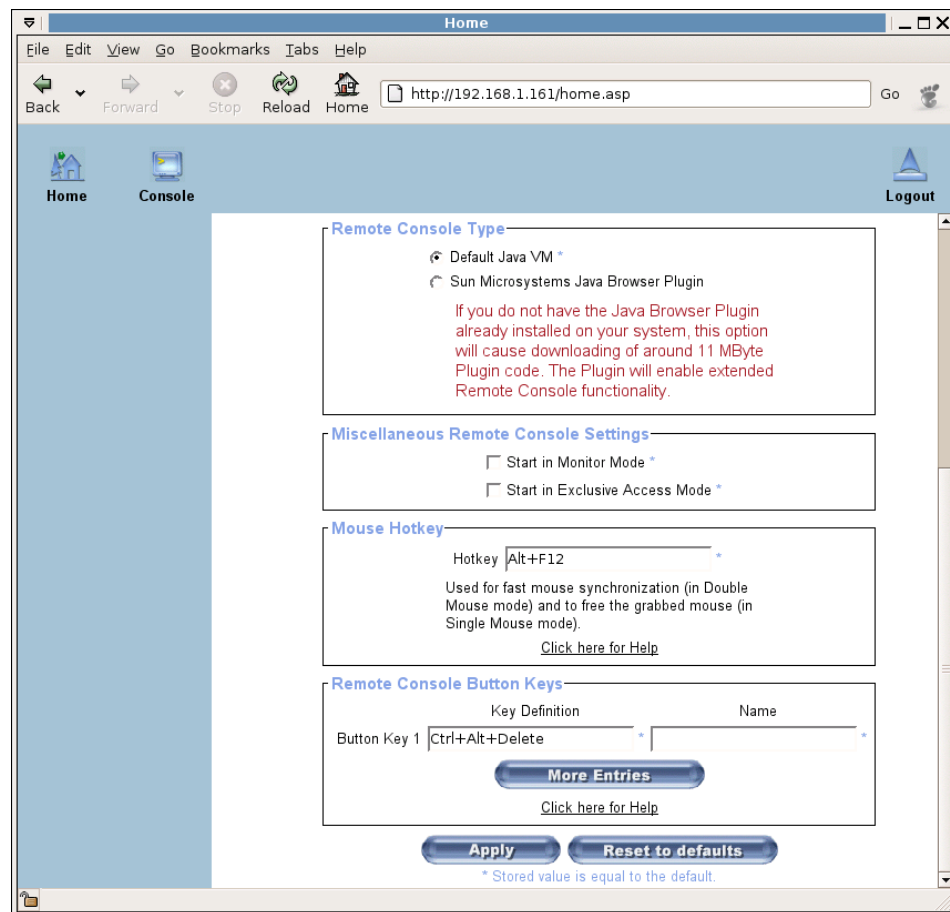


Figure 6-23. User Console Settings (Part 2)

Specifies which Remote Console Viewer to use.

### Default Java Virtual Machine (JVM)

Uses the default JVM of your web browser. This may be the Microsoft JVM for the Internet Explorer or the Sun JVM if it is configured this way. Use of the Sun JVM may also be forced (see below).

### Sun Microsystems Java Browser Plugin

Instructs the web browser of your administration system to use the JVM of Sun Microsystems. The JVM in the browser is used to run the code for the Remote Console window which is actually a Java Applet. If you check this box for the first time on your administration system and the appropriate Java plug-in is not yet installed on your system, it may be downloaded and installed automatically. However, in order to make the installation possible, you still have to answer the according dialogs with "yes". The download volume is around 11 Mbytes. The advantage of downloading Sun's JVM is the usage of a stable and identical JVM across different platforms. The Remote Console software is optimized for this JVM version and offers a wider range of functionality when run in SUN's JVM.



(Hint: If you are connected over a slow connection to the Internet you can also pre-install the JVM on your administration machine. )

## Miscellaneous Remote Console Settings

### Start in Monitor Mode

Sets the initial value for the monitor mode. By default the monitor mode is disabled. In case you switch it on, the Remote Console window will be started in a read only mode.

### Start in Exclusive Access Mode

Enables the exclusive access mode immediately at Remote Console startup. This forces the Remote Consoles of all other users to close. Nobody else can open the Remote Console at the same time again until you disable this feature or log off.

## Mouse Hotkey

Allows to specify a hotkey combination which starts either the mouse synchronization process if pressed in the Remote Console or is used to leave the single mouse mode.

## Remote Console Button Keys

Button Keys allow simulating keystrokes on the remote system that cannot be generated locally. The reason for this might be a missing key or just the fact that the local operating system of the Remote Console is unconditionally catching this keystroke already. Typical examples are "Control+Alt+Delete" on Windows and DOS, that is always caught, or the key sequence "Control+Backspace" on Linux that can be used for terminating the X-Server.

In order to define a new Button Key or to adjust an existing one have a look at the rules that describe the setting for a key. In general, the syntax for a key is as follows:

```
[confirm] <keycode>[+|-|<[*]<keycode>]*
```

A term in brackets is optional. The star at the end means that you add further keys as often as required for your case. The term "confirm" adds an confirmation dialogue that is displayed before the key strokes will be sent to the remote host.

The "keycode" is the key to be sent. Multiple key codes can be concatenated with either a plus, a minus, or an "<" sign. The plus sign builds key combinations - all the keys will be pressed until a minus sign or the end of the combination is encountered. In this case all pressed keys will be released in reversed sequence. So, the minus sign builds single, separate keypresses and keyreleases. The "<" sign releases the last key, only. The star inserts a pause with a duration of 100 milliseconds.

As an example, the key combination of Ctrl, Alt and F2 is represented by the sequence

```
Ctrl+Alt+F2
```

For a full list of key codes and aliases please refer to the Appendix E.

### Key Definition

Enter your desired key combination as described above.

### Name

You may also name your button that will be visible in the Remote Console Control Bar. If unspecified the sequence of keys will be displayed, instead.

**Note:** If you need more button keys than shown use the button “More entries”. This will open a list of additional entry fields.

## Power Control

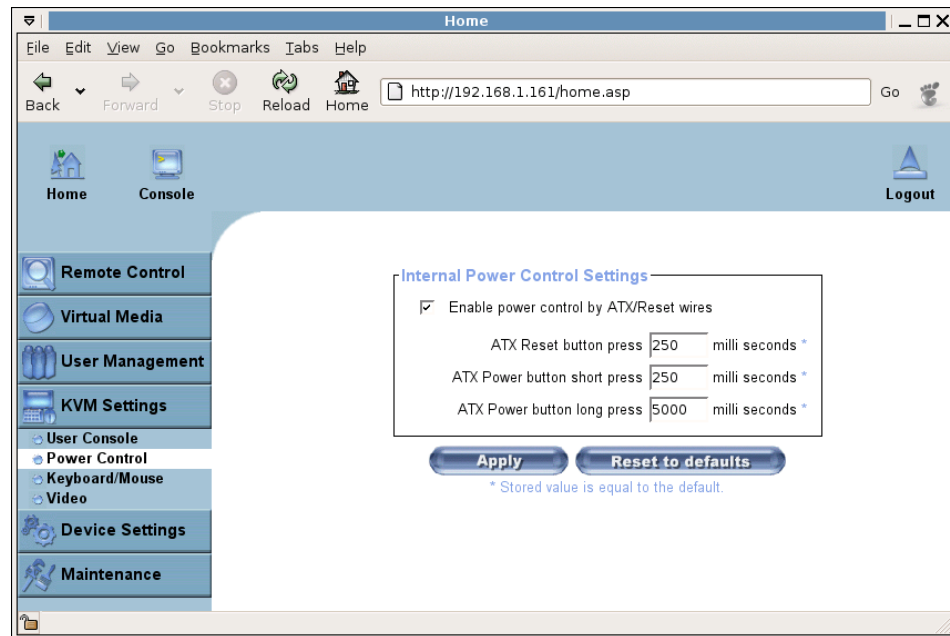


Figure 6-24. Power Control

The Power Control panel enables the access to the most important external buttons of your host system besides from the keyboard. These buttons are the reset and the power button.

To enable power control by ATX/Reset wires, set this option. Furthermore, the duration the according button is pressed can be adjusted. Set the duration for

- ATX Reset button press
- ATX Power button short press
- ATX Power button long press

Then, click “Apply” to submit your changes.

## Keyboard/Mouse

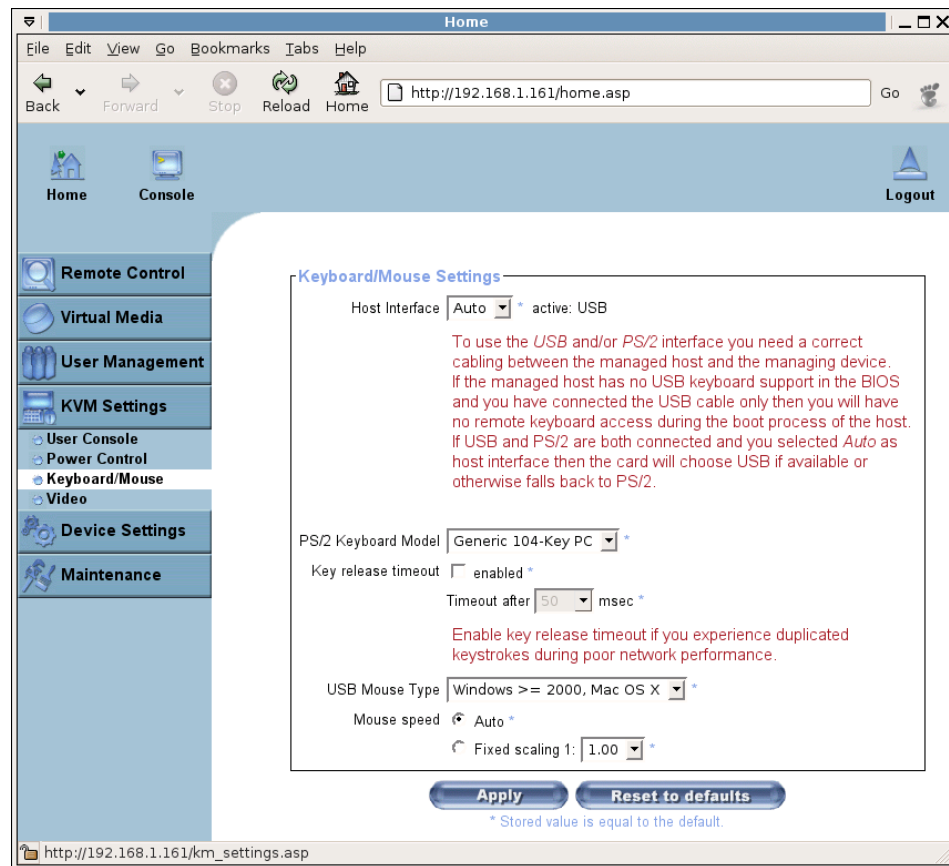


Figure 6-25. Keyboard and Mouse Settings

### Host Interface

Enables a certain interface the mouse is connected to. You can choose between “Auto” for automatic detection, “USB” for a USB mouse and “PS/2” for a PS/2 mouse.

#### Warning

To use the USB and/or PS/2 interface you need a correct cabling between the managed host and the managing device. If the managed host has no USB keyboard support in the BIOS and you have connected the USB cable only then you will have no remote keyboard access during the boot process of the host. If USB and PS/2 are both connected and you selected “Auto” as host interface, then the card will select “USB” if available or otherwise falls back to “PS/2”.

To get USB remote keyboard access during the boot process of the host, the following conditions must be fulfilled:

- the host BIOS must have USB keyboard support

- the USB cable must be connected or must be selected in the Host interface option

### PS/2 Keyboard Model

Enables a certain keyboard layout. You can choose between “Generic 101-Key PC” for a standard keyboard layout, “Generic 104-Key PC” for a standard keyboard layout extended by three additional Windows keys, “Generic 106-Key PC” for a Japanese keyboard, and “Apple Macintosh” for the Apple Macintosh.

If a keyboard timeout is required the according option can be enabled. Additionally, set the desired time value in the input field below.

### USB Mouse Type

Enables the USB mouse type. Choose an appropriate option from the selection box. For a detailed description about the mouse type and recommended options for the different operating systems see the Section called *Recommended Mouse Settings* in Chapter 4.

### Mouse Speed

- Auto mouse speed

Use this option if the mouse settings on the host use an additional acceleration setting. The eRIC express tries to detect the acceleration and speed of the mouse during the mouse sync process.

- Fixed mouse speed

Use a direct translation of mouse movements between the local and the remote pointer.

You may also set a fixed scaling which determines the amount the remote mouse pointer is moved when the local mouse pointer is moved by one pixel. This option only works when the mouse settings on the host are linear. This means that there is no mouse acceleration involved.

To set the options click on the button “Apply”.

## Video

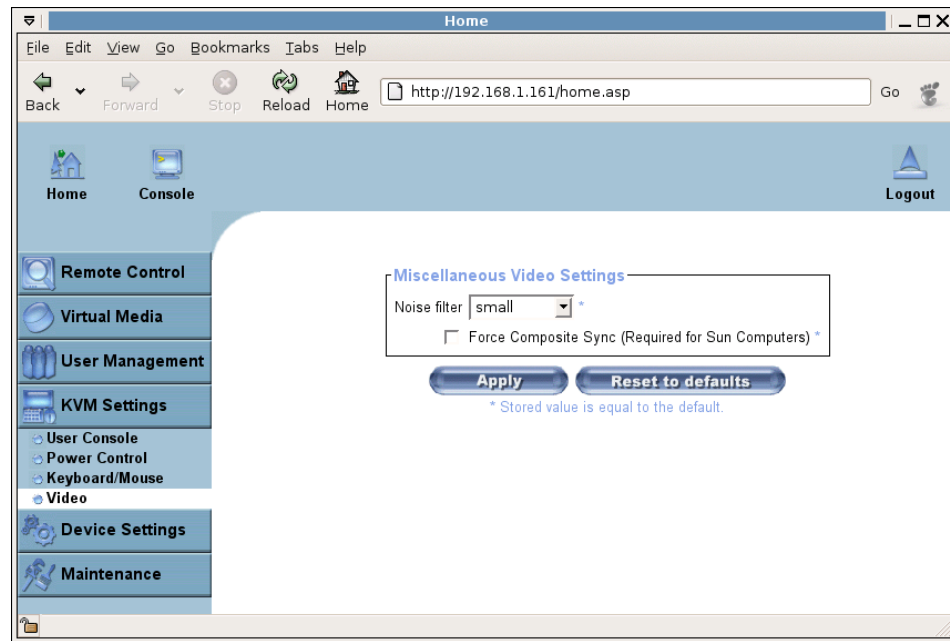


Figure 6-26. Video Settings

To set the options (see below) click on the button “Apply”.

### Miscellaneous Video Settings

#### Noise filter

This option defines how the eRIC express reacts to small changes in the video input signal. A large filter setting needs less network traffic and leads to a faster video display, but small changes in some display regions may not be recognized immediately. A small filter displays all changes instantly but may lead to a constant amount of network traffic even if the display content is not really changing (depending on the quality of the video input signal). All in all the default setting should be suitable for most situations.

#### Force Composite Sync (Required for Sun Computers)

To support signal transmission from a Sun machine enable this option. If not enabled the picture of the remote console will not be visible.

## Device Settings

### Network

The Network Settings panel as shown in Figure 6-27 allows changing network related parameters. Each parameter will be explained below. Once applied the new network settings will immediately come into effect.

Figure 6-27. Network Settings

### Warning

The initial IP configuration is usually done directly at the host system using the special procedure described in Table 4-1.

### Warning

Changing the network settings of the eRIC express might result in losing connection to it. In case you change the settings remotely make sure that all the values are correct and you still have an option to access the eRIC express.

## Basic Network Settings

### IP auto configuration

With this option you can define if the eRIC express should fetch its network settings from a DHCP or BOOTP server. For DHCP select “dhcp” and for BOOTP

select “bootp” accordingly. If you choose “none” then IP auto configuration is disabled.

Preferred host name

Preferred host name to request from DHCP server. Whether the DHCP server takes the eRIC express’s suggestion into account or not depends on the server configuration.

IP address

IP address in the usual dot notation.

Subnet Mask

The net mask of the local network.

Gateway IP address

In case the eRIC express should be accessible from networks other than the local one, this IP address must be set to the local network router’s IP address.

Primary DNS Server IP Address

IP address of the primary Domain Name Server in dot notation. This option may be left empty, however the eRIC express will not be able to perform name resolution.

Secondary DNS Server IP Address

IP address of the secondary Domain Name Server in dot notation. It will be used in case the Primary DNS Server cannot be contacted.

## Miscellaneous Network Settings

Remote Console And HTTPS port

Port number at which the eRIC express’s Remote Console server and HTTPS server are listening. If left empty the default value will be used.

HTTP port

Port number at which the eRIC express’s HTTP server is listening. If left empty the default value will be used.

Telnet port

Port number at which the eRIC express’s Telnet server is listening. If left empty the default value will be used.

SSH port

Port number at which the eRIC express’s Secure Shell (SSH) server is listening. If left empty the default value will be used.

Bandwidth Limit

The maximum network traffic generated through the eRIC express Ethernet device. Value in Kbit/s.

Enable Telnet access

Set this option to allow accessing the eRIC express using the Telnet gateway (see the Section called *Telnet Console*).

Enable SSH access

Set this option to allow accessing the eRIC express using the Secure Shell (SSH) protocol. This SSH console offers the same features as Telnet (see the Section called *Telnet Console*), but uses a secure, encrypted connection instead.

Disable Setup Protocol

Enable this option to exclude the eRIC express from the setup protocol.

## LAN Interface Settings

This entry field displays the current settings for the Ethernet/LAN interface of the eRIC express. You may choose between auto negotiation and a fixed setting for the Ethernet transceiver settings “interface speed” and “duplex mode” in case auto negotiation does not work correctly.

LAN interface speed

Depending on your network connection you may select an according speed value for this interface. To adjust the interface automatically choose “autodetect” (default value). If this selection results in misbehaviour of the interface, choose one of other speed options to work with. The interface will transmit and receive data with that fixed speed.

LAN interface duplex mode

If necessary you may also select a specific duplex mode. The default value is set to “autodetect” which leads to an automatic setting of the duplex mode depending on your network (recommended). As an alternative you may explicitly set the interface to either “half duplex” or “full duplex” mode.

These settings may also be configured via serial console. See the Section called *Initial Configuration via Serial Console* in Chapter 4 for details.



## Dynamic DNS

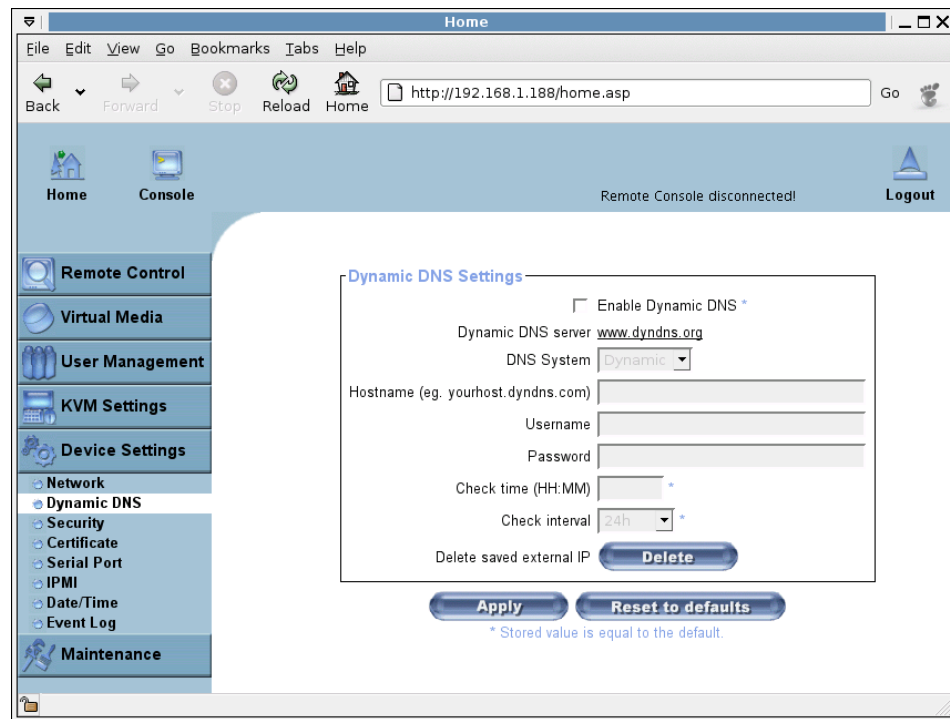


Figure 6-28. Dynamic DNS

A freely available Dynamic DNS service ([dyndns.org](http://www.dyndns.org)) can be used in the following scenario (see Figure 6-29):

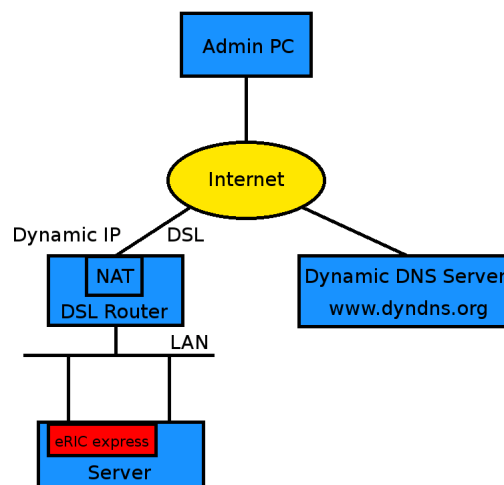


Figure 6-29. Dynamic DNS Scenario

The eRIC express is reachable via the IP address of the DSL router which is dynamically assigned by the provider. Since the administrator does not know the IP address

assigned by the provider, the eRIC express connects to a special dynamic DNS server in regular intervals and registers its IP address there. The administrator may contact this server as well and pick up the same IP address belonging to his card.

The administrator has to register an eRIC express that is supposed to take part in the service with the Dynamic DNS Server and assign a certain hostname to it. He will get a nickname and a password in return to the registration process. This account information together with the hostname is needed in order to determine the IP address of the registered eRIC express.

You have to perform the following steps in order to enable Dynamic DNS:

- Make sure that the LAN interface of the eRIC express is properly configured.
- Enter the Dynamic DNS Settings configuration dialog as shown in Figure 6-28.
- Enable Dynamic DNS and change the settings according to your needs (see below).

#### Enable Dynamic DNS

This enables the Dynamic DNS service. This requires a configured DNS server IP address.

#### Dynamic DNS server

This is the server name where eRIC express registers itself in regular intervals. Currently this is a fixed setting since only `dyndns.org` is supported for now.

#### Hostname

This is the hostname of the eRIC express that is provided by the Dynamic DNS Server. (use the whole name including the domain, e.g. `testserver.dyndns.org`, not just the actual hostname).

#### Username

You have registered this username during your manual registration with the Dynamic DNS Server. Spaces are not allowed in the Nickname.

#### Password

You have used this password during your manual registration with the Dynamic DNS Server.

#### Check time

The eRIC express card registers itself in the Dynamic DNS server at this time.

#### Check interval

This is the interval for reporting again to the Dynamic DNS server by the eRIC express.

### Warning

The eRIC express has its own independent real time clock. Make sure the time setting of the eRIC express is correct (see the Section called *Date And Time*).

## Security

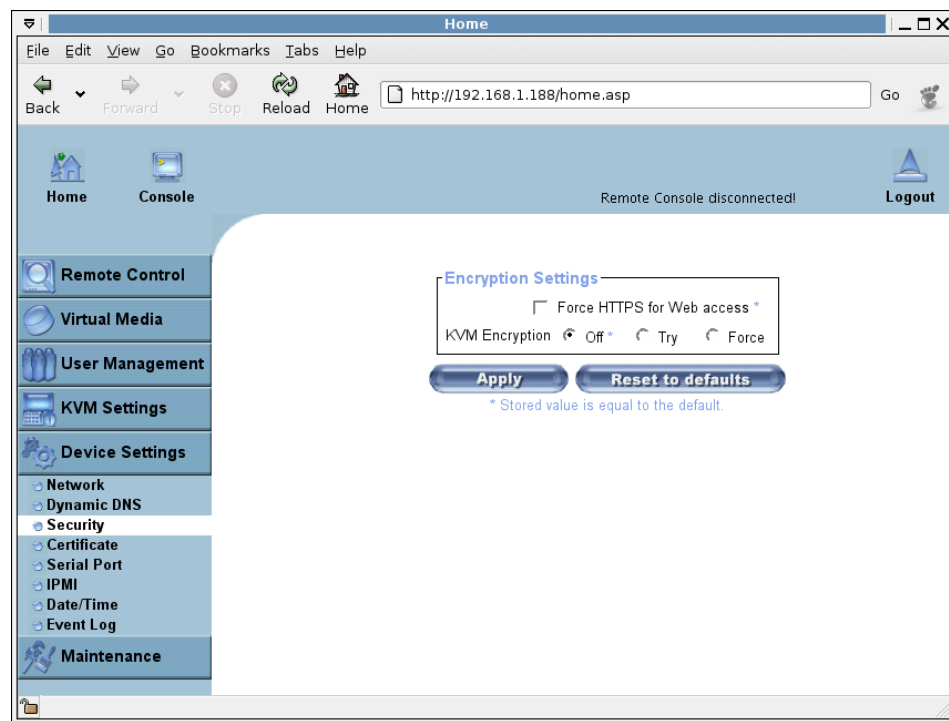


Figure 6-30. Device Security

## Encryption Settings

### Force HTTPS

If this option is enabled, access to the web front-end is only possible using a HTTPS connection. The eRIC express will not listen on the HTTP port for incoming connections.

In case you want to create your own SSL certificate that is used to identify the eRIC express refer to the Section called *Certificate*.

### KVM encryption

This option controls the encryption of the RFB protocol. RFB is used by the Remote Console to transmit both the screen data to the administrator machine and keyboard and mouse data back to the host.

If set to “Off” no encryption will be used. If set to “Try” the applet tries to make an encrypted connection. In case that the connection cannot be established an unencrypted connection will be used instead. If set to “Force” the applet tries to make an encrypted connection. An error will be reported in case the connection establishment fails.

## Certificate

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying `http://192.168.1.188/home.asp`. The browser's menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Go, Bookmarks, Tabs, and Help. The address bar has navigation buttons: Back, Forward, Stop, Reload, and Home. The main content area shows a sidebar on the left with a tree view containing: Home, Console, Remote Control, Virtual Media, User Management, KVM Settings, Device Settings (with sub-items: Network, Dynamic DNS, Security, Certificate, Serial Port, IPMI, Date/Time, Event Log), and Maintenance. The main panel displays the 'Certificate Signing Request (CSR)' form. The form fields are: Common name (John Doe), Organizational unit (Marketing Dept.), Organization (ACME Corp.), Locality/City (Washington D.C.), State/Province (U.S.A.), Country (ISO code) (US), Email (jd@acme.com), Challenge password (masked with asterisks), and Confirm Challenge password (masked with asterisks). There is a dropdown for Key length (bits) set to 1024. At the bottom of the form are 'Create' and 'Reset to defaults' buttons. A note below the buttons states: '\* Stored value is equal to the default.'

**Figure 6-31. Certificate Settings**

The eRIC express uses the Secure Socket Layer (SSL) protocol for any encrypted network traffic between itself and a connected client. During the connection establishment the eRIC express has to expose its identity to a client using a cryptographic certificate. Upon delivery this certificate and the underlying secret key is the same for all eRIC express ever produced and certainly will not match the network configuration that will be applied to the eRIC express cards by its user. The certificate's underlying secret key is also used for securing the SSL handshake. Hence, this is a security risk (but far better than no encryption at all).

However, it is possible to generate and install a new base64 x.509 certificate that is unique for a particular eRIC express card. In order to do that, the eRIC express is able to generate a new cryptographic key and the associated Certificate Signing Request (CSR) that needs to be certified by a certification authority (CA). A certification authority verifies that you are the person who you claim you are and signs and issues a SSL certificate to you.

To create and install a SSL certificate for the eRIC express the following steps are necessary:

- Create a SSL Certificate Signing Request using the panel shown in Figure 6-31. You need to fill out a number of fields that are explained below. Once this is done, click on the button "Create" which will initiate the Certificate Signing Request generation. The CSR can be downloaded to your administration machine with the "Download CSR" button (see Figure 6-32).
- Send the saved CSR to a CA for certification. You will get the new certificate from the CA after a more or less complicated traditional authentication process (depending on the CA).

- Upload the certificate to the eRIC express using the “Upload” button as shown in Figure 6-32.

**Certificate Signing Request (CSR)**

The following CSR is pending:

countryName	= US
stateOrProvinceName	= U.S.A.
localityName	= Washington D.C.
organizationName	= ACME Corp.
organizationalUnitName	= Marketing Dept.
commonName	= John Doe
emailAddress	= jd@acme.com

**Download** **Delete**

---

**Certificate Upload**

SSL Certificate File  **Browse...**

**Upload**

Figure 6-32. SSL Certificate Upload

After completing these three steps the eRIC express has its own certificate that is used for identifying the card to its clients.

### Warning

If you destroy the CSR on the eRIC express there is no way to get it back! In case you deleted it by mistake, you have to repeat the three steps as described above.

#### Common name

This is the network name of the eRIC express once it is installed in the user's network (usually the fully qualified domain name). It is identical to the name that is used to access the eRIC express with a web browser but without the prefix “http://”. In case the name given here and the actual network name differ, the browser will pop up a security warning when the eRIC express is accessed using HTTPS.

#### Organizational unit

This field is used for specifying to which department within an organization the eRIC express belongs.

#### Organization

The name of the organization to which the eRIC express belongs.

#### Locality/City

The city where the organization is located.

#### State/Province

The state or province where the organization is located.

Country (ISO code)

The country where the organization is located. This is the two-letter ISO code, e.g. DE for Germany, or US for the U.S.

Challenge Password

Some certification authorities require a challenge password to authorize later changes on the certificate (e.g. revocation of the certificate). The minimal length of this password is four characters.

Confirm Challenge Password

Confirmation of the Challenge Password.

Email

The email address of a contact person that is responsible for the eRIC express and its security.

Key length

This is the length of the generated key in bits. 1024 Bits are supposed to be sufficient for most cases. Longer keys may result in slower response time of the eRIC express during connection establishment.

## Serial Settings

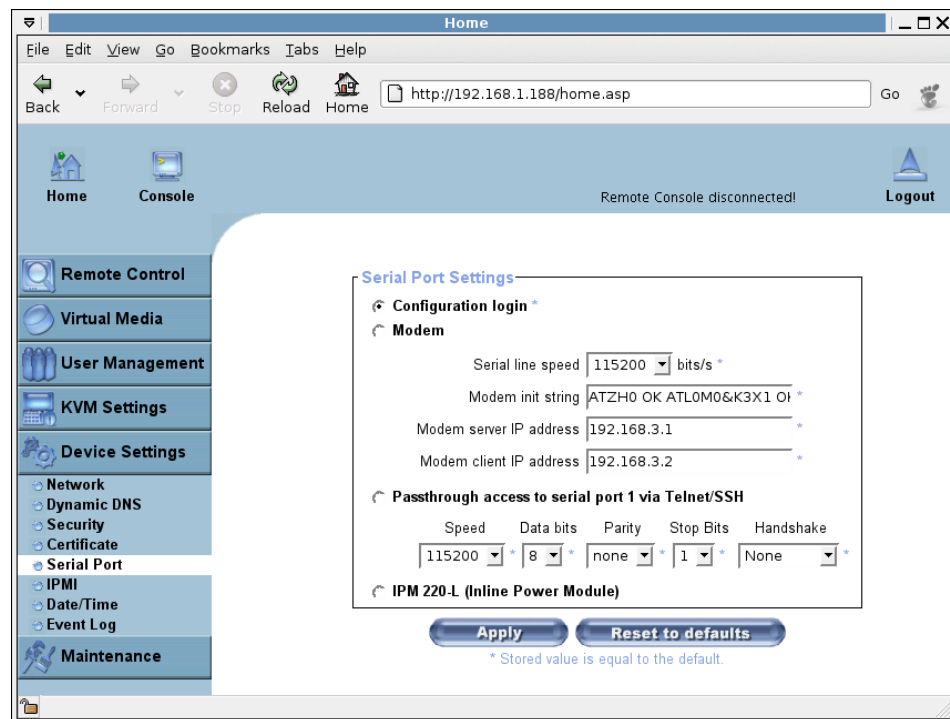


Figure 6-33. Serial Settings

The eRIC express Serial Settings (Figure 6-33) allow you to specify what device is connected to the serial port and how to use it.

#### Configuration or console login

Do not use the serial port for any special function, use it only for the initial configuration (see Table 4-1).

#### Modem

The eRIC express offers remote access using a telephone line in addition to the standard access over the built-in Ethernet adapter. The modem needs to be connected to the serial interface of the eRIC express.

Logically, connecting to the eRIC express using a telephone line means nothing else than building up a dedicated point-to-point connection from your console computer to the eRIC express. In other words, the eRIC express acts as an Internet Service Provider (ISP) to which you can dial in. The connection is established using the Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP). Before you connect to the eRIC express make sure to configure your console computer accordingly. For instance, on Windows based operating systems you can configure a dial-up network connection which defaults to the right settings like PPP.

The Modem Settings panel allows you to configure the remote access to the eRIC express using a modem. The meaning of each parameter will be described below. The modem settings are part of the serial settings panel .

#### Serial line speed

The speed with which the eRIC express is communicating with the modem. Most of all modems available today will support the default value of 115.200 bps. In case you are using an old modem and discovering problems try to lower this speed.

#### Modem Init String

The initialization string used by the eRIC express to initialize the modem. The default value will work with all modern standard modems directly connected to a telephone line. In case you have a special modem or the modem is connected to a local telephone switch that requires a special dial sequence in order to establish a connection to the public telephone network, you can change this setting by giving a new string. Refer to the modem's manual about the AT command syntax.

#### Modem server IP address

This IP address will be assigned to the eRIC express itself during the PPP handshake. Since it is a point-to-point IP connection virtually every IP address is possible but you must make sure that it is not interfering with the IP settings of the eRIC express and your console computer. The default value will work in most cases.

#### Modem client IP address

This IP address will be assigned to your console computer during the PPP handshake. Since it is a point-to-point IP connection virtually every IP address is possible but you must make sure that it is not interfering with the IP settings of the eRIC express and your console computer. The default value will work in most cases.

#### Passthrough access to serial port via Telnet/SSH

Using this option it is possible to connect an arbitrary device to the serial port and access it (assuming it provides terminal support) via Telnet or SSH. Select the appropriate options for the serial port and use the Telnet Console or a standard Telnet/SSH client to connect to the eRIC express. For more information

about the Telnet interface you may have a look at the Section called *Telnet Console*.

#### IPM 220-L (Inline Power Module)

This is an optionally available external module to switch power of a single system by putting it in the power supply line of the controlled system.

## Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI)

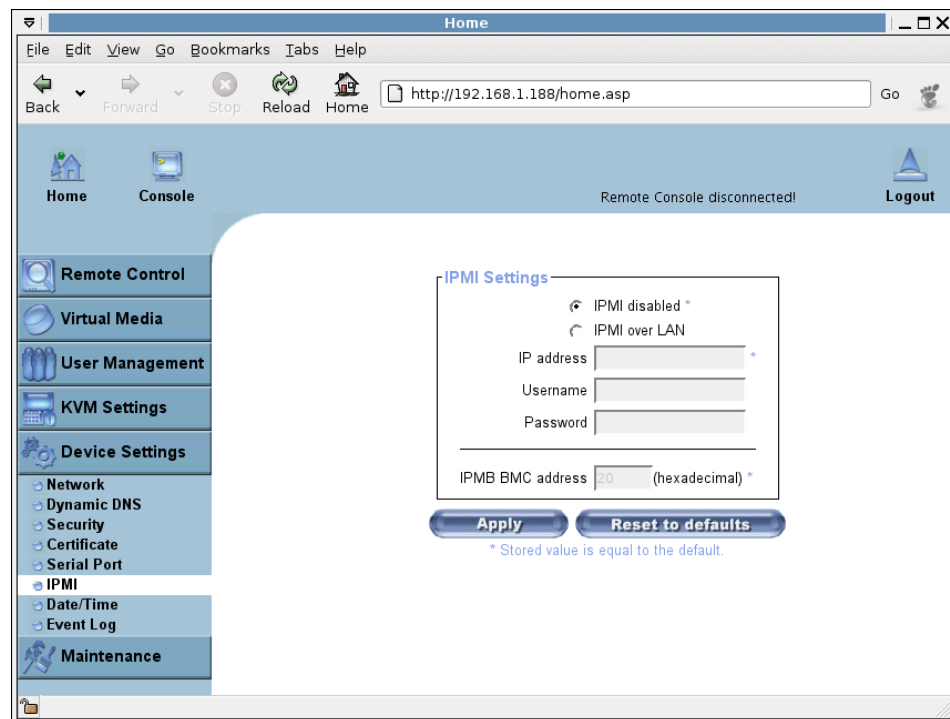


Figure 6-34. IPMI

### Generals

By using the eRIC express IPMI facilities you have an additional way to power on or off the system or to perform a hard reset. Furthermore, it provides the possibility to show an event log of the host system and the status of some system sensors (i.e. temperature). If your host system supports IPMI, you can access it by one of the following ways:

- IPMI over IPMB
- IPMI over LAN (IPMI V1.5 is required)



## IPMI Settings

Figure 6-34 shows the eRIC express IPMI settings panel. Its options will be explained below.

### IPMI disabled

Disables IPMI on the eRIC express. This means that Status via IPMI and Event Log via IPMI are not available and the power on/off and reset functions do not use IPMI rather than the ATX and the reset cable connected from the eRIC express to the motherboard.

### IPMI over IPMB

This connection type uses an IPMB cable connected from the 1x5pin IPMB connector on the eRIC express card to the 3/4pin IPMB/I2C connector on the motherboard. IPMI over IPMB does not need any passwords. This access mode allows only power on/off and reset function. Status and Event Log via IPMI are disabled.

### IPMI over LAN

You can connect the IPMI over a LAN connection, too. The prerequisite for this access type is a host system with IPMI V1.5 and a network adapter with a side-band connection to the BMC (mostly on board). In the IPMI Settings you have to enter the IP address of this host system, the user name of a valid IPMI account and password for this account. You can also access other IPMI systems if you enter their IP address.

## Date And Time

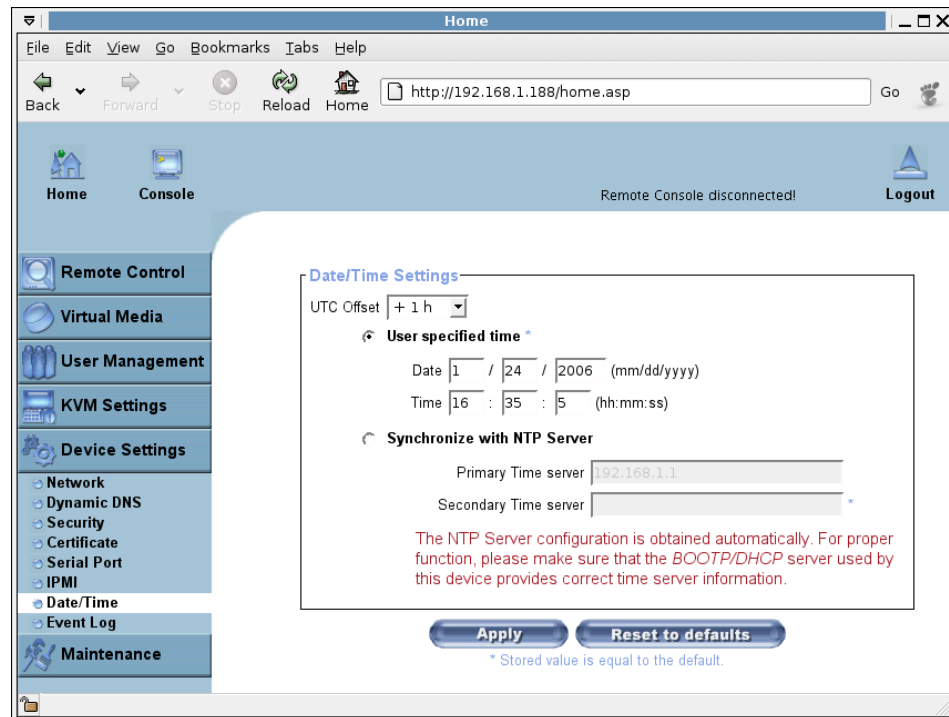


Figure 6-35. Date and Time

This link refers to a page where the internal realtime clock of the eRIC express can be set up (see Figure 6-35). You have the possibility to adjust the clock manually or to use a NTP time server. Without a time server your time setting will not be persistent, so you have to adjust it again after the eRIC express loses power for more than a few minutes. To avoid this you can use a NTP time server which sets up the internal clock automatically to the current UTC time. Because NTP server time is always UTC, there is a setting that allows you to set up a static offset to get your local time.

**Warning**

There is currently no way to adjust the daylight saving time automatically. So you have to set up the UTC offset twice a year properly to the local rules of your country.

## Event Log

The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying `http://192.168.1.188/home.asp`. The browser's menu bar includes File, Edit, View, Go, Bookmarks, Tabs, and Help. The page has a navigation sidebar on the left with the following items: Home, Console, Remote Control, Virtual Media, User Management, KVM Settings, Device Settings (with sub-items: Network, Dynamic DNS, Security, Certificate, Serial Port, IPMI, Date/Time, and Event Log), and Maintenance. The main content area is titled "Event Log Targets" and contains the following sections:

- List Logging Enabled \***: A checked checkbox. Below it, "Entries shown per page" is set to 20. A "Clear internal log" button is present, with a "Clear" button next to it.
- NFS Logging Enabled \***: An unchecked checkbox. Below it are three text input fields: "NFS Server", "NFS Share", and "NFS Log File" (containing "evtlog").
- SMTP Logging Enabled \***: An unchecked checkbox. Below it are three text input fields: "SMTP Server", "Receiver Email Address", and "Sender Email Address".
- SNMP Logging Enabled \***: An unchecked checkbox. Below it are two text input fields: "Destination IP" and "Community". A link below these fields reads "Click here to view the LARA express SNMP MIR".

Below the "Event Log Targets" section is the "Event Log Assignments" section, which contains a table:

Event	List
Board Message	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *
Security	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *
Remote Console	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *
Host Control	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *
Authentication	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> *

At the bottom of the "Event Log Assignments" section are two buttons: "Apply" and "Reset to defaults". A footnote at the very bottom states: "\* Stored value is equal to the default."

Figure 6-36. Event Log

Important events like a login failure or a firmware update are logged to a selection of logging destinations (see Figure 6-36). Each of those events belong to an event group which can be activated separately.

The common way to log events is to use the internal log list of the eRIC express. To show the log list click on the item "Event Log" from the section "Maintenance". In the Event Log Settings you can choose how many log entries are shown on each page. Furthermore, you can clear the log file here.

## Event Log Targets

### List logging enabled

To log events you may use the internal log list of the eRIC express. To show the log list click on “Event Log” on the “Maintenance” page.

Since the eRIC express’s system memory is used to save all the information, the maximum number of possible log list entries is restricted to 1.000 events. Every entry that exceeds this limit overrides the oldest one automatically.

#### Warning

If the reset button on the HTML frontend is used to restart the eRIC express, all logging information is saved permanently and is available after the eRIC express has been started. If the eRIC express loses power or a hard reset is performed, all logging data will be lost. To avoid this use one of the log methods described below.

### NFS Logging enabled

Define a NFS server where a directory or a static link has to be exported to, in order to write all logging data to a file that is located there. To write logging data from more than one eRIC express devices to only one NFS share, you have to define a file name that is unique for each device. When you change the NFS settings and press the button “Apply”, the NFS share will be mounted immediately. That means the NFS share and the NFS server must be filled with valid sources or you will get an error message.

#### Warning

In contrast to the internal log file on the eRIC express, the size of the NFS log file is not limited. Every log event will be appended to the end of the file so it grows continuously and you may have to delete it or move it away from time to time.

### SMTP Logging enabled

With this option the eRIC express is able to send Emails to an address given by the Email address text field in the Event Log Settings. These mails contain the same description strings as the internal log file and the mail subject is filled with the event group of the occurred log event. In order to use this log destination you have to specify a SMTP server that has to be reachable from the eRIC express device and that needs no authentication at all (<serverip>:<port>).

### SNMP Logging enabled

If this is activated, the eRIC express sends a SNMP trap to a specified destination IP address, every time a log event occurs. If the receiver requires a community string, you can set it in the appropriate text field. Most of the event traps only contain one descriptive string with all information about the log event. Only authentication and host power events have an own trap class that consists of several fields with detailed information about the occurred event. To receive this SNMP traps any SNMP trap listener may be used.

## Event Log Assignments

You may choose which actions of the eRIC express will be saved in the log file. Tick the desired box(es) and click “Apply” to confirm your selection.

## Maintenance

### Device Information

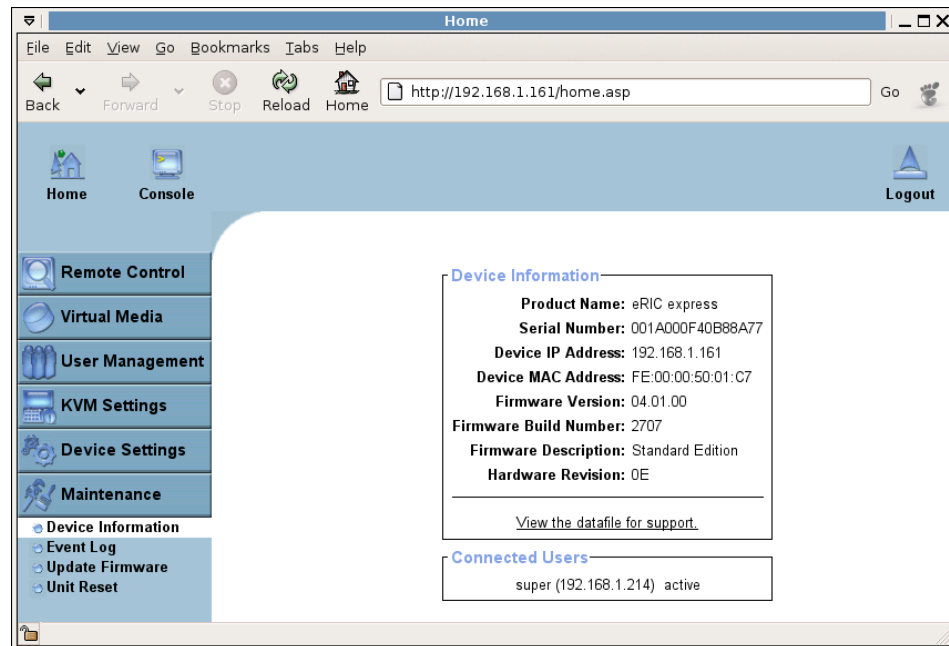


Figure 6-37. Device Information

This section contains a summary with various information about this eRIC express and its current firmware and allows you to reset the card. You may have a look at Figure 6-37 for an example.

The Data file for support allows you to download the eRIC express data file with specific support information. This is an XML file with certain customized support information like the serial number etc. You may send us this information together with a support request. It will help us to locate and solve your reported problem.

Connected Users		
test (62.238.0.39)		active
test (80.145.25.183)		26 min idle
test (212.183.10.29)		20 min idle
test (62.153.241.228)	RC (exclusive)	active

↑
↑
↑
↑

Connected user(s)
Host (IP address)
Remote Console opened (in exclusive mode)
User activity

Figure 6-38. Connected Users

Figure 6-38 displays the eRIC express activity. From left to right the connected user(s), its IP address (from which host the user comes from) and its activity status is displayed. “RC” indicates that the Remote Console is open. If the Remote Console is opened in “exclusive mode” the term “(exclusive)” is added. For more information about this option see the Section called *Remote Console Control Bar* in Chapter 5. To display the user activity the last column is used. It contains either the term “active” for an active user or the according idle time for an inactive user.

## Event Log

Date	Event	Description
01/24/2006 16:39:39	Remote Console	Connection to client 192.168.1.214 closed.
01/24/2006 16:39:37	Remote Console	Connection to client 192.168.1.214 established.
01/24/2006 16:39:24	Authentication	User 'super' logged in from IP address 192.168.1.214
01/24/2006 16:39:21	Authentication	User 'jd' failed to log in from IP address 192.168.1.214
01/24/2006 16:39:03	Authentication	User 'admin' logged in from IP address 192.168.1.214
01/24/2006 16:38:53	Authentication	User 'super' logged in from IP address 192.168.1.214
01/24/2006 16:05:08	Remote Console	Connection to client 192.168.1.214 closed.
01/24/2006 16:05:07	Remote Console	Connection to client 192.168.1.214 established.
01/24/2006 16:03:49	Remote Console	Connection to client 192.168.1.214 closed.
01/24/2006 16:03:34	Remote Console	Connection to client 192.168.1.214 established.
01/24/2006 16:03:27	Remote Console	Connection to client 192.168.1.214 closed.

Figure 6-39. Event Log List

Figure 6-39 displays the Event Log list. It includes the events that are kept by the eRIC express extended by the event date, a short event description and an IP address the request was sent from.

You may use the text buttons “Prev” and “Next” to browse within the data. The button “Prev” displays the previous page with newer log information whereas the button “Next” switches to the following page with older log information.

## Update Firmware

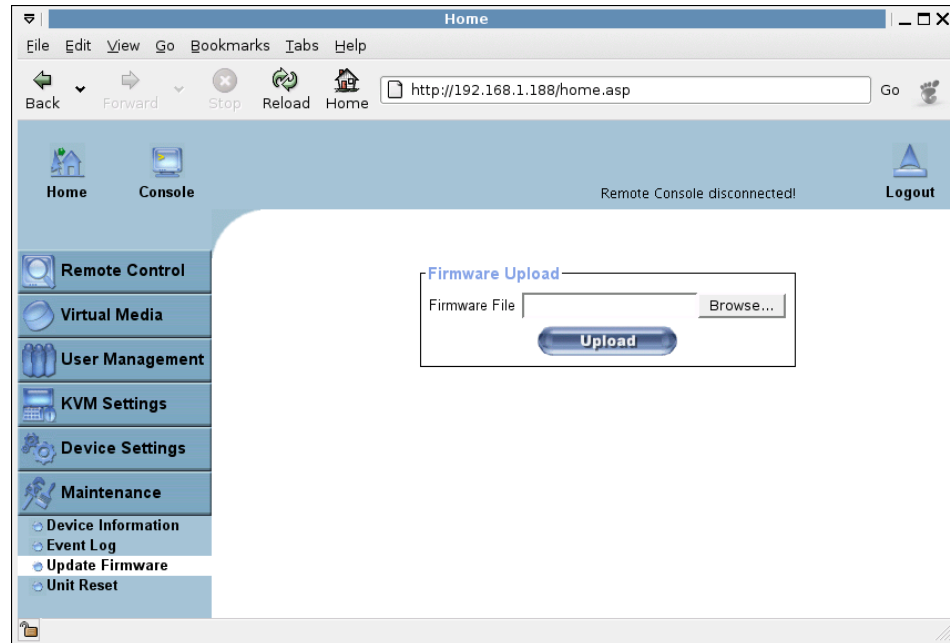


Figure 6-40. Update Firmware

The eRIC express is a complete standalone computer. The software it runs is called the firmware. The firmware of the eRIC express can be updated remotely in order to install new functionality or special features.

A new firmware update is a binary file which will be sent to you by email. If the firmware file is a compressed file with suffix `.zip` you have to unzip it before you can proceed. In order to extract the archive you may use WinZip from <http://www.winzip.com/> (for Windows OS) or a tool named `unzip` that might be already provided in your OS (UNIX, Linux, OS X).

Before you can start updating the firmware of your eRIC express the new and uncompressed firmware file has to be accessible on the system that you use for connecting to the eRIC express.

Updating the firmware is a three-stage process:

- Firstly, the new firmware file is uploaded onto the eRIC express. In order to do that you need to select the file on your local system using the button “Browse” of the Upload Firmware panel (see Figure 6-40). Then, click “Upload” to transfer the previously selected file from your local file system onto the eRIC express. Once the firmware file has been uploaded, it is checked whether it is a valid firmware file and whether there were any transmission errors. In case of any error the Upload Firmware function will be aborted and the current firmware is kept as is.
- Secondly, if everything went well, you see the Update Firmware panel. The panel shows you the version number of the currently running firmware and the version

number of the uploaded firmware. Pressing the button “Update” will store the new version and substitute the old one completely.

### Warning

This process is not reversible and might take some minutes. Make sure the eRIC express's power supply will not be interrupted during the update process, because this may cause an unusable device.

- Thirdly, after the firmware has been stored, the eRIC express will reset automatically. After about one minute you will be redirected to the Login page and requested to login once again.

### Warning

The three-stage firmware update process and complete consistency check are making a mistake in updating the firmware almost impossible. However, only experienced staff members or administrators should perform a firmware update. Make sure the eRIC express's power supply will not be interrupted!

## Unit Reset

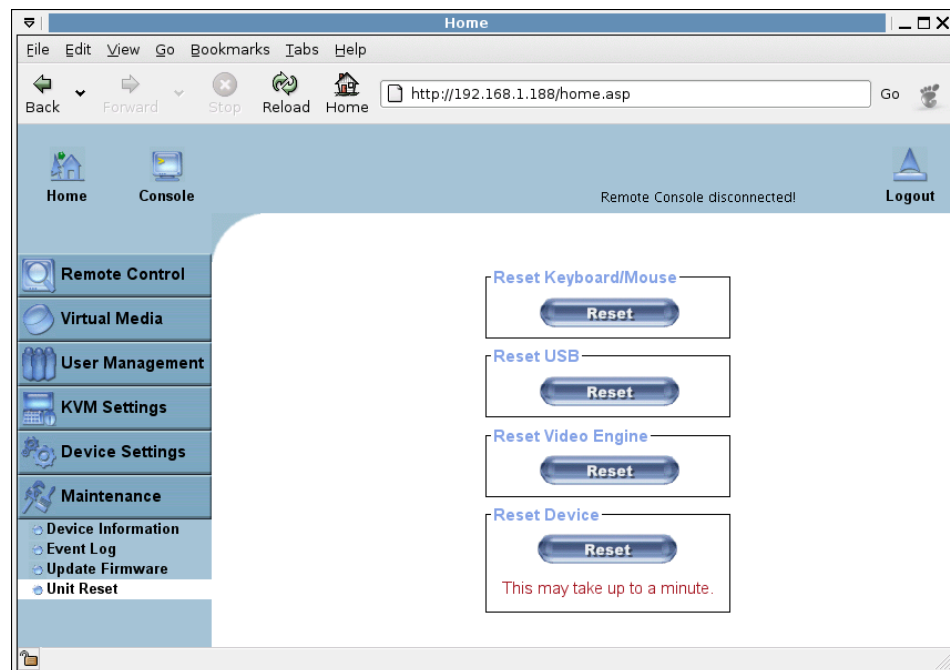


Figure 6-41. Unit Reset

This section allows you to reset specific parts of the device. This involves the both keyboard and mouse, the video engine and the eRIC express itself. Resetting the card



itself is mainly needed to activate a newly updated firmware. It will close all current connections to the administration console and to the Remote Console. The whole process will take about half a minute. Resetting subdevices (e.g. video engine) will take some seconds only and does not result in closing connections.

To reset a certain eRIC express functionality click on the button “Reset” as displayed in Figure 6-41.



## Appendix A. Frequently Asked Questions

### 1. The remote mouse does not work or is not synchronous.

First, check the VGA connection. Both the eRIC express and the local monitor have to support the same video resolution.

Make sure that your mouse settings match your mouse model, i.e. PS/2 or wheel mouse. The mouse model has to be set similarly on both the eRIC express and the Operating System you use on your host.

In some circumstances the mouse synchronization process could behave incorrectly, refer to the Section called *Mouse, Keyboard and Video configuration* in Chapter 4 for further explanation.

### 2. The video quality is bad or the picture is grainy.

Enter the Remote Console and press the Auto Adjust button (see the Section called *Remote Console Control Bar* in Chapter 5) to adjust the eRIC express's video input parameters to the correct values.

### 3. Login on the eRIC express fails.

Verify both your user login and your password. By default, the user "super" has the password "pass". Moreover, your web browser has to be configured to accept cookies.

### 4. The Remote Console window of the eRIC express does not open.

A firewall may prevent the access to the Remote Console. The TCP ports #80 (for HTTP) and #443 (for both HTTPS and RFB) have to be open (the server providing the firewall has to accept incoming TCP connections on these ports).

### 5. Remote console is unable to connect and displays a timeout error.

Have a look on your hardware. If there is a proxy server between the eRIC express and your host, then you may not be able to transfer the video data using RFB. Establish a direct connection between the eRIC express and the client.

Furthermore, check the settings of the eRIC express and choose a different server port used for RFB transfer. If you use a firewall then check the according port for accepting connections. You may restrict these connections for the IP addresses used by the eRIC express and your client.

### 6. No connection can be established to the eRIC express.

Have a look on your hardware. Is the eRIC express attached to a power supply? Verify your network configuration (IP address, router). You may send a "ping" request to the eRIC express to find out whether the eRIC express is reachable via network.

### 7. Special key combinations, e.g. ALT+F2, ALT+F3 are intercepted by the console system and not transmitted to the host.

You have to define a so-called "Button Key". This can be done in the Remote Console settings (see the Section called *Remote Console Control Bar* in Chapter 5). Alternatively you can use the soft keyboard feature (see the Section called *Soft Keyboard* in Chapter 5).

**8. The eRIC express web pages are not displayed correctly.**

Check your browser's cache settings. Make sure the cache settings are not set to something like "never check for newer pages". Otherwise the eRIC express pages may be loaded from your browser cache and not from the card.

**9. Windows XP does not awake from standby mode.**

This is possibly a Windows XP problem. Try not to move the mouse pointer while XP switches into standby mode.

**10. For SUN computers a USB keyboard does not work.**

The eRIC express emulates a USB keyboard. If you attach a USB keyboard to your host two keyboards are detected. It cannot be predicted which one of these comes first and you will be able to work with. SUN supports only one USB keyboard.

**11. Cannot upload the signed certificate in MacOS X.**

If an "internal error" occurs while uploading the signed certificate either change the extension of the file to .txt or add a file helper using the Internet Explorer preferences for this type of file. Make sure that the encoding is set to "plain text" and the checkbox "use for outgoing" is set. As an alternative, you may also use a Mozilla based browser (Mozilla, FireFox).

**12. Every time I open a dialog box with some buttons the mouse pointers are not synchronous anymore.**

Disable the setting "Automatically move mouse pointer to the default button of dialog boxes" in the mouse settings of your operating system.

**13. The Remote Console does not open with Opera in Linux.**

Some versions of Opera do not grant enough permissions if the signature of the applet cannot be verified. To solve the problem, add the lines

```
grant codeBase "nn.pp.rc.RemoteConsoleApplet" {  
    permission java.lang.RuntimePermission "accessClassInPackage.sun.*";
```

to the java policy file of opera (e.g. /usr/share/opera/java/opera.policy).

**14. The Remote Console remains black.**

Check the eRIC express for being USB powered only. If there is not enough power via USB the remote Console opens but remain black. Attach an external power supply to the eRIC express.

**15. I forgot my password. How can I reset the eRIC express to factory defaults?**

You may use the serial interface or the reset pins. For a detailed description see the Section called *Resetting the eRIC express to its Factory Settings* in Chapter 4.

## Appendix B. Glossary

### ACPI

Advanced Configuration and Power Interface

A specification that enables the operating system to implement power management and system configuration.

### ATX

Advanced Technology Extended

A particular specification that covers the style of motherboards and enclosure introduced by Intel in 1995.

### DHCP

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

A protocol for dynamically assigning IP configurations to host names, especially used in a local network.

### DNS

Domain Name System

A protocol used to locate computers on the Internet by their name.

### FAQ

Frequently Asked Questions

### HTTP

Hypertext Transfer Protocol

One of the protocols used for communication between single computers, especially between web browsers and web servers.

### HTTPS

Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure

The secure version of HTTP.

### IPMI

Intelligent Platform Management Interface

A specification defining a set of common interfaces for operating system independent platform management and health monitoring.

### LED

Light Emitting Diode

A semiconductor device that emits incoherent monochromatic light when electrically biased in the forward direction.

### PS/2

Personal System/2

IBM's second generation of personal computers, which was released to the public in 1987. Today, PS/2 is known as a device interface for mouse and keyboard.

SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol

A widely used network monitoring and control protocol.

SSH

Secure Shell

An encrypted network protocol providing a secure replacement for Telnet.

SSL

Secure Socket Layer

An encryption technology for the Internet used to provide secured data transmissions.

SVGA

Super Video Graphics Array

A refinement of the Video Graphics Array (VGA) that provides increased pitch and resolution performance.

UTP

Unshielded Twisted Pair

A cable with two conductors twisted as a pair and bundled within the same outer PVC covering.

## Appendix C. eRIC express Video Modes

Table C-1 lists the video modes the eRIC express supports. Please do not use any other custom video settings besides of these. If done so, the eRIC express may not be able to detect them.

**Table C-1. eRIC express Video Modes**

<b>Resolution (x,y)</b>	<b>Refresh Rates (Hz)</b>
640x340	70, 85
640x400	56, 85
640x480	60, 67, 72, 75, 85, 90, 100, 120
720x400	70, 85
800x600	56, 60, 70, 72, 75, 85, 90, 100
832x624	75
1024x768	60, 70, 72, 75, 85, 90, 100
1152x864	75
1152x870	75
1152x900	66, 76
1280x960	60, 85
1280x1024	60, 75, 85
1600x1200	60, 65, 70, 75
2048x1536	85 (local port only)





## Appendix D. Users and Roles

Table D-1. Roles

Frontend Section	Regular User	Administrator	Superuser
Remote Control: KVM	x	x	x
Remote Control: Remote Power	-	x	x
Remote Control: Telnet Console	x	x	x
Virtual Media	x	x	x
User Management: Change Password	x	x	x
User Management: Users	-	-	x
KVM Settings: User Console	x (w/o Misc. Settings)	x	x
KVM Settings: Power Control	-	x	x
KVM Settings: Keyboard/Mouse	-	x	x
KVM Settings: Video	-	x	x
Device Settings	-	-	x
Maintenance: Device Information	x	x	x
Maintenance: Event Log	-	-	x
Maintenance: Update Firmware	-	-	x
Maintenance: Unit Reset	Keyboard/ Mouse, Video	Keyboard/ Mouse, Video	Keyboard/ Mouse, Video, Device



## Appendix E. Key Codes

Table E-1 shows the key codes used to define the key strokes or hotkeys for several functions. Please note that these key codes do not necessarily represent the key characters that are used on international keyboards. A key on a standard 104 key PC keyboard with a US English language mapping is named. The layout for this keyboard is shown in Figure E-1. However, most modifier keys and other alphanumeric keys used for hotkey purposes in application programs are on a similar position, no matter what language mapping you are using. Some of the keys also have aliases. This means that a key can be named by two different key codes.

[illegible]

**Figure E-1. English (US) keyboard Layout, used for the key codes**

### Table E-1. Key Names

Key	Alias Key(s)
0 - 9	
A - Z	
~	TILDE
-	MINUS
=	EQUALS
;	
,	
<	LESS
'	
.	
/	SLASH
BACKSPACE	
TAB	
[	
]	
ENTER	
CAPS LOCK	
\	BACK SLASH
LSHIFT	SHIFT
RCTRL	CTRL, STRG
RSHIFT	SHIFT
LCTRL	CTRL, STRG

*Appendix E. Key Codes*

<b>Key</b>	<b>Alias Key(s)</b>
LALT	ALT
SPACE	
ALT GR	
ESCAPE	ESC
F1	
F2	
F3	
F4	
F5	
F6	
F7	
F8	
F9	
F10	
F11	
F12	
PRINTSCREEN	
SCROLL LOCK	
BREAK	
INSERT	
HOME	POS 1
PAGE_UP	
PAGE_DOWN	
DELETE	DEL
END	
UP	
LEFT	
DOWN	
RIGHT	
NUM_LOCK	
NUMPAD0	
NUMPAD1	
NUMPAD2	
NUMPAD3	
NUMPAD4	
NUMPAD5	
NUMPAD6	
NUMPAD7	
NUMPAD8	
NUMPAD9	
NUMPADPLUS	NUMPAD_PLUS, +

<b>Key</b>	<b>Alias Key(s)</b>
NUMPAD /	/
NUMPADMUL	NUMPAD_MUL, x
NUMPADMINUS	NUMPAD_MINUS, -
NUMPADENTER	
WINDOWS	
MENU	



## Appendix F. Pin Assignment

### VGA HD-15



Figure F-1. VGA HD-15

Table F-1. VGA HD-15

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	Red	9	
2	Green	10	GND sync
3	Blue	11	
4		12	SDA, DDC...
5	GND	13	HSYNC
6	GND red	14	VSYNC
7	GND green	15	SCL, DDC
8	GND blue		

### RJ45 Connector Ethernet

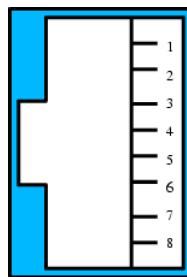


Figure F-2. RJ45

Table F-2. RJ45

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	TX +	5	Not connected
2	TX -	6	RX-
3	RX +	7	Not connected
4	Not connected	8	Not connected

## IPMB/I2C Connector

Table F-3. IPMB/I2C Connector

Pin	Assignment
1	IIC SCL (Clock)
2	Not connected
3	GND
4	IIC SDA (Data)
5	Not connected

## Serial SUB-D 9 Connector 1



Figure F-3. Serial Connector

Table F-4. Serial Connector 1

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	DCD	6	DSR
2	RX	7	RTS
3	TX	8	CTS
4	DTR	9	RI
5	GND		

Table F-5. Serial Connector 2

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	Not connected	6	Not connected
2	RX	7	Not connected
3	TX	8	Not connected
4	Not connected	9	Not connected
5	GND		

## PS/2 Connector

Table F-6. PS/2 Connector



Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	KBD_Data_Host	7	GND
2	KBD_CLK_Host	8	GND
3	Mouse_Data_Host	9	KBD_Data_Dev
4	Mouse_CLK_Host	10	KBD_CLK_Dev
5	+5V_Mouse_Host	11	Mouse_Data_Dev
6	+5V_KBD_Host	12	Mouse_CLK_Dev

## USB

Table F-7. USB Connector

Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	USB PWR	3	USB D+
2	USB D-	4	USB GND



## Appendix G. Specifications

### Sizes and Weight

Table G-1. eRIC express Specification

Attribute	Value
Height	13mm
Width	173.4mm
Depth	64.4mm
Weight	110g (w/o replicator cable)
Power Consumption	up to 1A

### Environment

#### Temperature

Table G-2. Temperature

Attribute	Value
Operating	0° C to 55° C (32° F to 131° F)
Storage	-18° C to 70° C (-0.4° F to 158° F)

#### Humidity

Table G-3. Humidity

Attribute	Value
Operating	10% to 90% (non-condensing)
Storage	5% to 95% (non-condensing)



## **Appendix H. eRIC express Operation Advices**

This device has to be operated with the provided power supply only (PEPPERCON SA-051A5F-12). The use of other power supplies voids the product liability of the manufacturer. If the power supply shows a malfunction, it must not be opened. Instead a request a replacement from the manufacturer or the vendor.

The power cord of the power supply is the point of junction to the supply network AC 230 V. Therefore both the power supply and the socket have to be easily accessible to disconnect them quickly if it is necessary.



## **Appendix I. Peppercon Warranty Information**

### **Limited Warranty**

Peppercon AG - a Raritan company, Zwickau (Saxony), Germany. ("Peppercon") manufactures its hardware products from parts and components that are new or equivalent to new in accordance with industry-standard practices. Peppercon warrants that the hardware products including the firmware will be free from defects in materials and workmanship under normal use. Any implied warranties on the Peppercon firmware and hardware are limited to 24 months, respectively, beginning on the date of invoice. Some states/jurisdictions do not allow limitations on duration of an implied warranty, so the above limitation may not apply to you. Additionally Peppercon grants a special warranty for 6 month.

### **Customer Remedies**

Peppercon's entire liability and exclusive remedy shall be, at Peppercon's option, either (a) return of the price paid, or (b) repair or replacement of the firmware or hardware that does not meet this Limited Warranty and which is returned to Peppercon with a copy of your receipt. Damage due to shipping the products to you is covered under this warranty. Otherwise warranty does not cover damage due to external causes, including accident, abuse, misuse, problems with electrical power, servicing not authorized by Peppercon, usage not in accordance with product instructions, failure to perform required preventive maintenance and problems caused by use of parts and components not supplied by Peppercon. Any replacement hardware will be warranted for the remainder of the original period or thirty (30) days, whichever is longer. Peppercon will repair or replace products returned to Peppercon's facility. To request warranty service you must inform Peppercon within the warranty period. If warranty service is required, Peppercon will issue a Return Material Authorization Number. You must ship the products back to Peppercon in their original or an equivalent packaging, prepay shipping charges, and insure the shipment or accept the possibility of loss or damage during shipment.

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## Appendix J. GNU General Public License (GPL)

Version 2, June 1991

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Version 2.8, 17 August 2003

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